The Sydney Morning Herald.

PRICE THREEPENCE—£3 PER ANNUM.] VOL. XXXII. WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1852. No. 4648. { CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS. For one inch and under, 3s.; and 1s. for every additional inch for ea[illegible]

STEAMER TO CLARENCE RIVER.

THE PHŒNIX will sail 48 hours after arrival. All goods for shipment must be sent before 6 o'clock P.M. on the day of sailing, and the freight paid.

Phœnix Wharf, March 29. 7859

BI-MONTHLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH MELBOURNE AND LAUNCESTON,

VIA TWOFOLD BAY,
On the 1st and 15th day of every Month.

THE SHAMROCK on *the 15th April.*
THE YARRA YARRA on *the 1st May.*

JAMES PATERSON, Manager.
A.S.N. Co.'s Wharf. 8329

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.
On the 15th of every month.

THE fine iron screw steam ship CONSIDE, A1, 259 tons register, 60 horse power, William Appleby, commander, will sail for Melbourne on Thursday, the 15th day of April, and continue to be despatched regularly the middle of every month.

The vessel has just come off the Patent Slip, after having her bottom cleaned and painted, and her machinery is now receiving a thorough overhaul from Mr. Struth.

The accommodations for steerage passengers are of the most spacious and airy description.

Arrangements are in progress by which all passengers and cargo will be *landed on the Wharf in Melbourne without any delay.*

For freight or passage apply to Young and Co., Hunter-street; or to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER.
Packet Office, 470, George-street, 664

FOR RICHMOND RIVER.

THE first class schooner EBENEZER, 120 tons burthen, Freeburn, master, will sail for the above on the 11th instant.

For freight or passage apply to
JAMES COOK.
Circular Quay, April 7. 8317

FOR KEMPSEY, MACLEAY RIVER.

THE new schooner BLACK DOE, 50 tons, will leave Davis' Wharf, at the bottom of Market-street, on Saturday next, the 10th instant.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
WILLIAM DALTON,
8362 Agent, Church Hill.

FOR KEMPSEY, MACLEAY RIVER.

THE well-known schooner GLENDUART will leave the Union Wharf on Saturday next, 10th instant.

For freight or passage apply to the master on board, or
WILLIAM DALTON,
8363 Church-hill.

SOUVENIR FOR MORETON BAY.
Detained by adverse winds.

SPLENDID accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage apply at once to
JOHN MORRIS, Agent.
Albion Wharf, (foot of Market-street). 8294

FOR MORETON BAY.
To follow the Brothers.

THE SCHOONER HARP, 90 tons, having left Moreton Bay on the 1st instant, is hourly expected. Goods for this vessel will be stored at Kellick's Wharf. Shippers are informed that she will sail three days after arrival, freight or no freight, being under engagement to assist in loading the "Fatima," for London.

For freight or passage apply to
W. U. HARRIS,
8286 Kellick's Wharf.

FOR WIDE BAY.

THE well-known schooner EFFORT, A. Thompson, master, having a great part of cargo engaged, will sail on Thursday, the 8th instant.

For freight or passage apply to
THOMAS CROFT,
8309 Commercial Wharf.

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE splendid clipper-packet brig THOMAS AND HENRY, Captain St. John, having a large quantity of cargo ready to go on board, will have immediate despatch.

For freight or passage, having unrivalled accommodations, with spacious ladies' cabin; beds, bedding, wines, beer, and spirits, found on board free of charge.

Apply to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER.
Packet Office, 470. George-street. 8130

PRINCE OF WALES, FOR MELBOURNE.
Following the Dart on Wednesday.
Going right up to the wharf.
FOR PASSENGERS ONLY.

THIS beautiful clipper has unrivalled accommodations for a few passengers, stern cabin for ladies or families, and beds, bedding, besides wine, beer, and spirits, found on board free of charge. Apply to Captain Robinson, on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf, or to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER.
Packet Office, 470, George-street. 8128

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE fine clipper-packet schooner VANQUISH, 150 tons, Andrew Steele, Commander, will have quick despatch, having much of her cargo engaged.

For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations, wines, beer, and spirits, found on board free of charge, apply to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER.
Packet Office, 470, George-street. 8127

SPENCER FOR MELBOURNE,
FOR PASSENGERS ONLY,

HAULS from the Wharf This Afternoon, and has most roomy accommodation, with an unrivalled steerage, the whole of her 'tween decks being fitted up right fore and aft. Immediate application is necessary, on board, at the East end of the Circular Wharf; or to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER.
Packet Office, 470, George-street. 7936

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE clipper packet FAVORITE, Thomas Stericker, commander, is now nearly loaded, and will sail on Saturday morning.

This vessel makes her passages with the regularity of a steamer, and has excellent accommodations for passengers.

For 10 tons freight or passage apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf, or to
E. M. SAYERS,
Port Phillip Packet Office,
8347 489, George-street.

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.
Will sail on Friday Morning.

THE A 1 clipper barque, HELEN S. PAGE. James Lacy, commander, has still room for a few passengers. Cabin, Intermediate, and Steerage Passengers are requested to inspect the unequalled accommodations of this fine vessel.

For terms of freight or passage apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to
E. M. SAYERS,
Port Phillip Packet Office,
8346 489, George-street,

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.
For Passengers Only.

THE noted clipper MELBOURNE PACKET, D. Gourlay, commander, having all her freight engaged, will positively go to sea on Saturday.

Passengers are reminded the cabins are well fitted and found.

For passage only apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf, or to
E. M. SAYERS,
Port Phillip Packet Office,
8348 489, George-street.

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT,
Loading at the Flour Company's Wharf, will sail on Saturday first.

THE clipper-barque FAVOURITE, 198 tons, M. U. Mortimer, Commander, is now receiving cargo; both cabin and steerage accommodations are of the first order. Wines, beer, and spirits, found on board free of charge.

For freight or passage apply on board; or, to
BUYERS AND LEARMONTH,
8202 Harrington street.

THE Brig CHRISTINA will clear this day for Melbourne.

Shippers are required to pass entries by noon, and passengers to pay balance of passage money to
SMITH, BROTHERS, AND CO.,
8301 Agents.

FOR GEELONG DIRECT.
For passengers only.

THE splendid Baltimore clipper brigantine MARY AND ELLEN, has three state rooms disengaged. Apply at once, to
JOHN MORRIS, Agent.
Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street.) 8293

PACKET FOR GEELONG DIRECT,
To follow the Mary and Ellen.

THE fine fast sailing brigantine TWINS, Captain Doveton, has been laid on the berth at request of shippers; and, as the greater portion of her cargo is already engaged, shippers are reminded to make their engagements without delay. For freight or passage, (having exceedingly comfortable accommodations) apply to
JOHN MORRIS, Agent.
Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street). 8295

FOR HOBART TOWN.
To sail in ten days.

THE long established favourite trader WATERLILY, 180 tons, J. R. Hays, commander. This fine vessel is hourly expected, and will have despatch. For freight or passage apply to
JOHN MACNAMARA,
Queen-street.

All goods intended for shipment by this vessel will be received in the Iron Store, on the Wharf, free of charge. 8304

FOR PORT NICHOLSON.
For passengers only.

CLIPPER brigantine CHAMPION, 80 tons, Captain Woods, clears this day. Apply at once, to
JOHN MORRIS, Agent.
Albion Wharf, (foot of Market-street). 8296

FOR WELLINGTON, PORT NICHOLSON, AND PORT COOPER.

THE A1 clipper-schooner MARMORA, 135 tons, H. Kelly, master, having a great portion of her freight engaged, will meet with great despatch.

For freight or passage apply to Mr. George Duke, on board, at the Circular Quay; or to
THORNTON AND CHURCH,
8017 Custom House.

JESSIE BYRNE FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
Notice to passengers.

ALL the Steerage Passengers are requested *at once* to produce their receipts on board (in the Cove), so as their berths may be correctly allotted to them.

All balances must be paid up by To-morrow (Thursday) evening, or they will be considered forfeited, and the berths re-let.

MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO.;
Or SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
8303 Packet Office, 470, George-street.

FIRST SHIP FOR SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT.
For Light Freight and Passengers only.

THE fine fast-sailing A1 barque LALLA ROOKH, 410 tons, W. H. Haines, commander, being under engagement, must sail for the above port with all despatch. The above vessel lately arrived from California, being well known as a passenger ship, and having all her berths, &c., fitted, will be found a most desirable opportunity. The cabin and steerage accommodations are unsurpassed; in the steerage are enclosed cabins for families or females. Passengers are requested to inspect the vessel, and select their berths at once to prevent disappointment.

Apply on board, off the Flour Company's Wharf; to
MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO.,
Or to R. T. FORD,
8, Bridge-street.

N.B.—American gold coin will be taken for passage money. 8111

FOR SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT.
For Passengers only,

THE first-class teak built clipper Brig CORSAIR, 133 tons register, William S. Neal, commander, will sail positively on the 12th instant. For cabin or steerage passage apply on board, at the Circular Quay; or to
DONALDSON AND CO.,
7919 398, Pitt-street.

FOR ANTWERP AND HAMBURGH, VIA LONDON.

THE fine and remarkably fast-sailing Belgian ship OCEANIE, 521 tons register, Gustave Radou, commander, has a considerable portion of her cargo engaged, and is now taking in. Has superior accommodation for passengers.

For freight or passage apply to Captain Radou, on board; or to
HENRY MOORE.
Moore's Wharf, March 16. 6404

FOR CALIFORNIA.

THE fine fast-sailing Brig CEYLON, William Tayt (late of the Orator) commander, 200 tons register, has room for a limited quantity of goods and passengers.

Apply to the Captain on board, at the East end of the Circular Wharf; to
L. AND S. SPYER; or, to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER.
Packet Office, 470, George-street. 6650

FOR CALLAO DIRECT.
To sail from Newcastle on the 10th instant.

THE fine A1 Barque JOHN POTTER, Captain Camden, having superior cabin accommodation will positively sail as above. For cabin passage only, apply to
8012 F. W. CLARKE, Jamison-street.

TO SHIPPERS OF HORSES.
FOR MADRAS.

THE A1 ship SIR GEORGE SEYMOUR, 850 tons register, H. J. Naylor, commander.

Mr. Burt will take charge of the horses shipped by this vessel, and proceeds of the horses consigned to him will be guaranteed by Mr. S. C. Burt, of the Horse Bazaar, Pitt-street.

Early application is requested for the stalls remaining disengaged.

The poop accommodations are very superior.

For freight or passage apply on board, at Campbell's Wharf, to Captain Naylor; or to
WILLIS, MERRY, AND CO.,
8134 Church Hill.

SHIP HARMONY.

PASSENGERS are requested to pay balance of passage money on or before Wednesday next. There are still fifteen steerage berths unlet, for which immediate application is necessary.

Apply to
F. W. CLARKE,
8208 Jamison-street.

FOR CEYLON.

THE fine fast-sailing A1 barque, LADY SALE, 388 tons register, Thomas Jackson, commander, will sail 11th instant

For freight or passage apply to
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER,
8285 Lyons-buildings, George-street.

FROM NEWCASTLE FOR LONDON.

THE first-class ship RIMSWELL, 403 tons register, John C. Hawkins, master. The greater portion of her cargo being ready for shipment this vessel will have very quick despatch in loading.

The undersigned will make cash advances on wool, tallow, or hides, consigned to them by this vessel for sale by their correspondents —Messrs. Burnett, Edwards, and Boyd, London. Apply to
WILLIS, MERRY, AND CO., Sydney;
Or,
5513 JOHN BINGLE, Newcastle.

FOR LONDON.

THE fine fast-sailing barque CORNELIA, A 1 for 12 years, 336 tons, Captain Mickleburgh, having a large portion of her cargo ready to go on board, will meet with quick despatch. For freight or passage apply on board, at Willis' Wharf, to
S. D. GORDON,
Bridge-street; or,
BUYERS AND LEARMONTH,
7314 Harrington-street.

FOR LONDON.

THE well-known teak built ship MAITLAND, 648 tons, William Henry, commander, having the whole of her dead weight engaged will meet with quick despatch. The accommodations for cabin, intermediate, and steerage, are very superior.

For wool or other light freight, or passage, apply to Captain Henry, on board; or
MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO.;
Or R. TOWNS,
Miller's Point.

N.B. The Maitland will load at the Circular Quay. 4665

FOR LONDON.
FOR GOLD AND PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE fine fast-sailing ship DOUGLAS, A 1 for 10 years, 475 tons register, M. Rogers, commander, will proceed to sea in a few days. Has three cabins still disengaged, and offers an excellent opportunity for a family proceeding to London. Her accommodations for passengers are of a superior description.

Apply to the Captain, on board, at the Circular Quay; or, to
L. AND S. SPYER,
8269 Spring-street.

FOR LONDON.

THE first-class regular trader GANGES, 430 tons, David T. Allan, Commander, has now nearly all her cargo on board, and will have quick despatch.

Apply to
HOW, WALKER, AND CO.; or, to
8297 GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.

EMIGRATION REMITTANCES
BY THE
EAGLE LINE OF PACKETS
FROM
LIVERPOOL TO AUSTRALASIA.

THE Undersigned will receive Deposits from, or make arrangements with, parties desiring to bring their friends to any of the Australasian Colonies, for providing passages by the line of packets belonging to Messrs. GIBBS, BRIGHT, AND CO., of Liverpool, of which the following splendid Ships form part:—The

Great Britain, steam-ship, Captain Matthews, 3700 tons register.

Eagle	Capt. Boyce	1150	"
Falcon	" Jamieson	1150	"
Albatross	" Geves	1085	"
Condor	" Underwood	9.1	"
Petrel	" Taylor	848	"
Osprey	" Honeyman	765	"
Zetland	" Brown	1236	"
Salacia	" Brown	811	"
Gibson Craig,	Ellis	1000	"

Passengers will be received at a reduced rate, and the scale of provisions will be liberal.

No commission will be charged on payments made here, and advices of the same will be transmitted through the friends of the undersigned in London, Liverpool, or Bristol, to parties on whose account they are made in any part of the United Kingdom.

For further particulars apply to
CRAWLEY AND SMITH,
12418 Campbell's Wharf.

TO OWNERS OF COASTERS — Wanted one or two small vessels, of about 60 tons, not to draw more than 7 feet when loaded. GEORGE D. CRAIG AND CO., Margaret-place. 6191

FOR LONDON,
For Gold and Passengers only.

THE well-known clipper barque PRINCE OF WALES, 532 tons, Charles Stuart, commander. This vessel's sailing qualities being first-rate, offers a desirable opportunity to gold shippers. Has one large after cabin suitable for a family, and two side cabins still disengaged. Has also room for two steerage passengers. Apply to
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER,
Lyons-buildings, George-street.

For sale on board, a Ship's Gig, 24 feet long, in first-rate order. 8299

FOR LONDON.

THE British-built first-class barque UNICORN, 375 tons, J. J. Hunter, commander, having a considerable portion of her cargo engaged, will meet with quick despatch. For freight or passage apply to Captain Hunter, on board; or to
FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.
Hunter-street, April 5. 8286

SHIP DUCHESS OF NORTHUMBERLAND, FOR LONDON.
For Gold and Passengers only.

THIS vessel is now ready for sea, and has one stern and one side cabin still disengaged.
J. B. METCALFE.
April 6. 8206

FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE A1 barque BLACK RIVER PACKET, 265 tons, D. Styles, master, will be ready for sea in ten days.

Apply on board; or, to
BROWN AND CO.,
Sydney, March 27. 7505

PURCHASE OR CHARTER.

A VESSEL of not less than 200 tons burthen, to proceed to two southern ports. Apply to
JAMES COOK.
Circular Quay, April 7. 8318

100,0000 POUNDS OF SALTED BEEF.

SEALED TENDERS, *in duplicate*, will be received by the undersigned until noon on Tuesday, the 4th May proximo, from persons willing to supply 100,000 pounds of Salted Beef, for Military Service, the whole of which to be delivered into the Commissariat Stores at Sydney, for final inspection and approved by a Board of Survey, by the 7th day of August next.

The meat to be cured during the approaching months of June and July, *subject to conditions to be ascertained on application at the Commissariat Office, and no tender will be noticed* unless in strict accordance with the stipulations contained in the conditions adverted to.

Persons tendering will be required to name two individuals, as sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, to the full amount of the quantity of meat tendered and accepted, who, in conjuction with the Contractor, will be forthwith required to execute a Bond to that effect.

T. W. RAMSAY,
Deputy Commmissary-General.
Commissariat, New South Wales,
Sydney, 6th April. 8299

NEW SOUTH WALES MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE, — EXCHANGE BUILDINGS, GEORGE-STREET.
CAPITAL, £150,000.

DIRECTORS:
E. Knox, Esq.,(Chairman) | John Fairfax, Esq.
S. A. Donaldson, Esq., M.C. | John Gilchrist, Esq.
John H. Challis, Esq. | John Walker, Esq.
Surveyor—Captain W. S. Deloitte.

The Directors meet every Wednesday for general business at 11 o'clock, and on other days at a quarter before One o'clock, to receive applications for insurances.

Risks taken on vessels 35 tons register and upwards.

RATES OF PREMIUM.
Free *from particular* average.

	Guineas, per cent.		Guineas, per cent.
Europe	2	Port Otago	1½
Great Britain	1¾	Cooper	1½
China, India, and Manila	2	Launceston	¾
Java	1½	Hobart Town	¾
Torres Straits	1½	Adelaide	1½
South America	1¾	Portland Bay	2
California	1½	Port Fairy	2½
Mauritius r Bourbon	1½	Twofold Bay	¾
Cape of Good Hope	2	Port Phillip	¾
Auckland	¾	Ditto, per steamer	¾
Port Nicholson	1¾	Clarence River	1¾
Nelson	1½	Ditto, per steamer	1
		Moreton Bay, by either passage	1
		Wide Bay	1½

Goods insured with particular average an addition of ¼ to ½ per cent. is made to the above rates. Time risks subject to special arrangement.

By order of the Board,
ROBERT GARRETT, Secretary.
Sydney, 30th October. 8763

NEW SOUTH WALES MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
OFFICE, EXCHANGE BUILDINGS, George-street.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Directors of this Company grant Policies, in triplicate, on produce from Sydney to Great Britain, payable, in case of loss, in London, at the following rates or premium, viz.:—

Wool, average payable on every bale as if separately insured, 2½ Guineas per cent.
Tallow, Oil, and other goods free from particular average, 1¾ Guineas per cent.
Gold Dust, 1½ Guineas per cent.

With the usual allowance of 5 per cent. brokerage, and an additional allowance of 10 per cent. discount.

By order of the Board,
ROBERT GARRETT, Secretary.
Sydney, November 26. 10770

[ADVERTISEMENT.]
To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—The statement with which the Dispensary Committee preface the correspondence between us is so extremely full of inaccuracies (I will not use their own word, and say *misrepresentations*), that I am compelled reluctantly to caution those who may have read it against being misled. It would be too great a task to expose them all; one shall suffice. It is stated, "A meeting of the District Branch of the Christian Knowledge Society taking place IMMEDIATELY AFTER." (i.e., the Dispensary meeting,) "most of us present at the above (among them Mr. Perry) attended at this; the reverend gentleman in the chair, which passed off as usual, with perfect amity." THE WHOLE OF THIS IS PURE AND ABSOLUTE FICTION. *No meeting whatever of the Christian Knowledge Society was held on that day, or for many days subsequently!* What reliance, then, is to be placed upon the rest of this Committee's manifesto, when they go so lamentably astray on such a plain and tangible matter of fact as this? Many of the other assertions are equally imaginary. By *the correspondence* I am ready to abide; and now take my final leave of the subject,

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
B. LUCAS WATSON.
Penrith Parsonage, April 5. 8278

S. S. — ADDRESS Post-office, Sydney, to be left till called for. 8353

Revenue Branch,
Colonial Treasury,
Sydney, 27th March, 1852.

BEDLAM POINT FERRY.

TENDERS will be received at this Office until noon of Wednesday, the 21st April next, for the Lease of the Ferry at Bedlam Point, Parramatta River, for the period of five years, commencing on the 1st day of May, 1852.

Tenders are to be endorsed, "Tender for Bedlam Point Ferry."

A bond (in double the amount of rent) with two responsible sureties, will be required for the due observance of the conditions of the lease. A warrant of attorney will also be required. A new Punt has been provided for the Ferry, and be delivered to the Lessee by the Port Master.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at the Treasury.

C. D. RIDDELL,
7793 Colonial Treasurer.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the half-yearly general meeting of the Proprietors of this Bank, will be held at the Banking House, George-street, on Wednesday, the 21st day of April, at noon, to consider the report of the Board of Directors to be then made. To elect two Directors in the room of John Thacker and Robert Campbell, Esquires, resigned. To consider and decide on a proposal for the extension of the capital of the Company, by a creation of new shares; and generally to consider and decide on such other matters and things as may then be brought forward by the Board of Directors, relating to the affairs of the Company.

Candidates for the office of Director are required to give fourteen days' notice before the day of election.

J. BAILLIE,
Secretary.
Bank of New South Wales,
Sydney, March 26. 7487

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

THE undermentioned Proprietors having given due notice, in conformity with the provisions of the Deed of Settlement, are candidates for the office of Director in this Bank, viz.:—

GEORGE THORNE, Esquire,
JOSEPH SCAIFE WILLIS, Esquire,
ROBERT ALLEN HUNT, Esquire.

J. BAILLIE, Secretary.
Bank of New South Wales,
Sydney, March 30. 7837

SYDNEY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE.—The Half-Yearly Meeting of the Members of the above Association will be held at the offices, No. 397, Pitt-street, on Tuesday, the 4th day of May, 1852, at half-past 2 o'clock P.M.

By order of the Board of Directors,
054 GEORGE KING, Secretary.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY,
353, Pitt-street, Sydney.

DIRECTORS.
Thomas Holt, Junior, Esq., Chairman,
M. E. Murnin, Esq., Deputy Chairman,
Major Christie,
F. W. Unwin, Esq.
E. Ebsworth, Esq.
Dr. Savage, R.N.
MEDICAL REFEREE.
A. M. a'Beckett, Esq.

THIS Institution issues Policies on lives; immediate and deferred annuities, and endowments (sums payable to children on their attaining a certain age). The premiums may be paid yearly, half-yearly, or quarterly, at the option of the assured.

No entrance fee is required. The only expense beyond the premiums being a charge of five shillings policy fee.

Loans made on security of the policies, to the extent of one-half of the premiums.

Parties wishing to surrender their policies will receive the full value of them from the Society.

All the profits are divided amongst the assured.

Every information and facility will be afforded to assurers on application at the Society's Offices, where the necessary forms will be filled up if required, between the hours of 9 and 4 daily.

WILLIAM PERRY,
5088 Secretary.

WENTWORTH GOLD FIELD COMPANY.

MR. WENTWORTH having set apart one-third of the Shares taken by him in the above-named Company, in order to form an English proprietary to that extent, a small number of shares only remain for disposal in the colony, which may be had at par, by applying to the Secretary of the Company, at the office, No. 32, Hunter-street. 6085

NEW GOLD DIGGINGS.

THE Undersigned begs to notify that his land, within 10 miles of the township of Mudgee, is now open to the public for the purpose of digging and searching for gold, upon payment of the usual license fee.

HENRY BAYLY.
Beaudesert.
Mudgee, 17th March. 6908

NOTICE. — The Pewholders and Renters of Seats in the Church of St. Mary's, Balmain, are specially requested to attend the adjourned meeting, to be held in the Vestry To-Morrow, Thursday, the 8th instant, at 7 o'clock, P.M., to consider the Circular of the Lord Bishop of Sydney. 8284

CONGREGATIONAL DAY SCHOOL,
PITT-STREET.

CANDIDATES for the office of Master and Mistress of the above School are requested to send in their applications, testimonials of ability and character (post paid), to the Rev. Dr. Ross, Hyde Park. 8279

SYNOD OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

A SERMON will be preached This Evening, Wednesday, 7th, at seven o'clock, in the Scots' Church, Church Hill, by the Moderator, the Rev. B. Quaife, on the occasion of the annual meeting of the above Synod. 8342

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL
CLASS IN ST. PHILIP'S GRAMMAR SCHOOL.
Head Master, the Rev. R. L. King. B.A., Graduate in Honors (in 1846), in the University of Cambridge.

THE Subjects read by the first-class during the present and following quarters, will be those which have been fixed upon by the Senate of the University of Sydney, for the Matriculation and Scholarship Examinations, to be held in October.

Terms.
First class........£5 5 0 per quarter.
The other classes ..£2 2 0 "
Payable in advance. 7992

EDUCATION AT BELFAST.

THE Rev. Dr. BRAIM, formerly Head Master of Sydney College, would be happy to receive into his family in this retired and healthy town, a youth of studious habits, desirous of reading with a Tutor for the Matriculation or Scholarship Examination in the University of Sydney; or any other youth whose health requires a cold and airy climate. One long vacation would be given in the year. There is regular communition between Melbourne and Belfast, by land or water.

The Parsonage, Belfast, Port Fairy. 7721

ASYLUM FOR DESTITUTE CHILDREN. PROSPECTUS.

IN consequence of the number of destitute and deserted children of all ages, who crowd the streets and alleys of this city, it becomes a matter of pressing necessity that some measures be adopted for their reclamation from the state of wretchedness and vice in which they are now living, before they attain an age when reformation is more difficult. With this view, it is proposed to establish an Asylum for the reception of destitute and abandoned children who may be classed as follows:—

1. Children found by the police or others, without protection, whose parents cannot be discovered, or whose parents have been convicted as vagrants, drunkards, or disorderly characters, unfit to have the care of their children.

2. Children abandoned by their parents, and left without friends or protection.

3. Children, either of whose parents is an abandoned or dissolute character, and who may be placed by the other parent in the proposed Asylum, on payment of a fixed sum for their maintenance.

It is proposed to give these children a sound and useful education, and to train them in available habits of industry, until they reach an age when they may be disposed of in the manner which may be most conducive to their individual interests and the general good of society.

In aid of these objects, application will, if necessary, be made to the Legislature, for specific enactments calculated to secure the ends proposed. There seems no reason for doubting that such powers will be accorded, and that, considering the importance of the undertaking, a portion of the expenses will be met by a vote of the Legislature. A large sum, however, must be raised from private sources. An appeal is, therefore, now made to the public, with the confident expectation that such an institution will be most liberally supported. To urge the necessity of its speedy establishment, by a narrative of facts, however pathetic seems needless, as only an occasional glance at the police reports, or even a single walk through the streets of the city, will be sufficient powerfully to enlist the sympathies of the benevolent on behalf of the proposed Institution, and to induce them to subscribe to its funds.

A Provisional Committee has been formed, consisting of the following gentlemen, any of whom will be happy to receive the names of intending subscribers:—

Allen, George, Esq.	Elliott, Gilbert, Esq.
Barker, Thomas, Esq.	Holden, G. K., Esq.
Boyce, Rev. W. B.	M'Encroe, Archdeacon
Cowlishaw, A., Esq.	M'Lerie, John, Esq.
Douglass, Dr.	Owen, A. C. G.
Dowling, J. S., Esq.	Ross, Rev. Dr.
Druitt, Rev. Thomas	

Treasurer, James Comrie, Esq., Miller's Point; Secretary, Rev. A. H. Stephen, (Christ Church).

Further information may be obtained by reference to the Treasurer, or the Secretary.

GEORGE ALLEN, Chairman.
ALFRED H. STEPHEN, Hon Secretary.
7316

ADVERTISEMENT.

WITH reference to an Advertisement headed "Five Shillings Reward," which appeared in the *Sydney Morning Herald* of this date, and signed by my husband, J. Briars, I regret to be compelled in defence of my character to state that about a month ago I was obliged to bring my husband before the Police Court for violently assaulting me, when he was on that occasion fined in the sum of £5. Ill treatment again on his part has compelled me to quit my home on the 23rd ultimo. I have not been, as stated, in the above advertisement alluded to, in the vicinity of Baptist's Gardens, nor ever was except in the company of my husband. I have been residing at the residence of my sister, Mrs. Yates, at the Riley Estate, Wooloomooloo Bay, which my husband is well aware of. I do not require any credit nor ever obtained any, but I am quite competent to obtain an honest living by my industry, and when my husband learns to treat me as a wife, I will then, and not until then, return to my home and family.

JANE BRIARS.
Woolloomooloo Bay, 6th April. 8276

WEDNESDAY EVENING CONCERTS.

MR. MOORE begs to inform the Public that his Entertainment takes place This Evening, Wednesday, 7th April, at the School of Arts.

PROGRAMME.
PART FIRST.

1. Instrumental — Flute and piano - Mr. Baly and Mr. Sigmont .... Konig
2. Song—"In Dreams thou art with me still"—Mrs. Dawson .... Glover
3. Song — "Art thou in tears" —Miss Armfeldt .... Crouch
4. Solo—"De Beriot's 6th Air" —Mr. Moore .... De Beriot
5. Song — "The heart that's true."—Mrs. Dawson ...... Sporle
6. Solo—Flute —Mr. Baly ...... Richardson
7. Song — "I'm afloat."—Miss Armfeldt .... Russell

PART SECOND.

1. Solo—"La Coquette" — Mr. Moore .... Moore
2. Song—"I love the night"—Miss Armfeldt .... Russell
3. Duet—"A voice from the waves"—Mrs. Dawson and an Amateur .... Glover
4. Solo—Flute—Mr. Baly ... Nicholson
5. Song — "The Maniac" — An Amateur .... Russell
6. Song—"Scenes of my youth" —Mrs. Dawson .... Benedict
7. Burlesque—"The Carnival of Venice"—Mr. Moore ...... Paganini

Pianiste—Mr. Sigmont.
To commence at 8 o'clock.

Tickets, 2s. 6d. each, to be had of Messrs. Marsh and Co., 490½, George-street, where all communications to Mr. Moore, in reference to the Art of Violin playing, are to be addressed. 8359

HOWARD'S SERENADERS.—In consequence of the inclemency of the weather on Monday evening, the ETHIOPIAN CONCERT, advertised for then, will take place THIS EVENING, Wednesday, April 7, in the Saloon of the Royal Hotel.

PROGRAMME:—
Part I.

Overture	Company
Commence ye Darkeys	G. B. Howard
Dandy Broadway Swell	L. West
Black Eyed Susyanna	C. V. Howard
Jenny Lane	J. W. Sandford
Lip hung down	G. B. Howard
Dan Tucker	L. West
Come to me, my Dark One	J. W. Sandford
Dark Eyed Maid	G. B. Howard
Picayune Butler	C. V. Howard

Part II.
A lapse of fifteen minutes.

Happy are we	G. B. Howard
Nigger a peeping	J. W. Sandford
Neber do to gib it up so	L. West
Sydney Gals	C. V. Howard
Solo, Flutina—Love not	G. B. Howard
Solo, Guitar	J. W. Sandford
My Canoe am on de Ohio	G. B. Howard
Galley Fire	J. W. Sandford
Niggers from de Souf	C. V. Howard

To conclude with the Railway Gallop.

Front seats, 2s.; back ditto, 1s. Children half price to front seats.

To commence at 8 o'clock.
Programmes to be had at the Door. 8277

TO LEND upon Mortgage, £800. Apply to ROGERS AND SPAIN, Solicitors, 383, George-street, Sydney. 8196

A CARD.

MR. READ, Law Stationer and Writer, 56, Prince-street, near the National School.

Deeds Engrossed, Accounts, &c., &c., copied with neatness, accuracy, and despatch. 8216

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1840.
GENERAL AUSTRALASIAN ASSAY AND REFINING OFFICE,
170, Pitt-street.

J. S. NORRIE,
Proprietor.

Gold and Silver Assays conducted by Royal Mint process every Saturday, results giving actual loss, and standard value in England, so that parties making remittances may calculate their proceeds to the greatest nicety. 8332

HOT CROSS BUNS.

THE undersigned respectfully intimates that he will have a good supply, of first-rate quality, ready for delivery by Thursday, six o'clock P.M.

8344 S. HOLMES, 125, King-street East.

FUNERALS.—J. HILL, in tendering his best thanks for the liberal patronage he has received, and being determined to merit a continuance of the same, begs to intimate to the public generally that he will in future perform Funerals from One Pound upwards, and to the really necessitous his charges will be merely nominal, without regard to profit.

JOHN HILL, Jun.,
2570 Undertaker, King-street.

THE ROAD TO HEALTH!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Cure of a Disordered Liver and bad Digestion. Copy of a Letter from Mr. R. W. Kirkus, Chemist, 7, Prescot-street, Liverpool, dated 6th June, 1851.

To Professor Holloway.

Sir—Your Pills and Ointment have stood the highest on our sale list of Proprietary Medicines for some years. A customer, to whom I can refer for any inquiries, desires me to let you know the particulars of her case. She had been troubled for years with a disordered liver and bad digestion. On the last occasion, however, the virulence of the attack was so alarming, and the inflammation set in so severely, that doubts were entertained of her not being able to bear up under it; fortunately she was induced to try your Pills, and she informs me that after the first, and each succeeding dose, she had great relief. She continued to take them, and although she used only three boxes, she is now in the enjoyment of perfect health. I could have sent you many more cases, but the above, from the severity of the attack, and the speedy cure, I think speaks much in favor of your astonishing Pills. (Signed) R. W. KIRKUS.

In accordance with recent advices from Professor Holloway, of 244, Strand, London, the above invaluable Medicine will in future be sold at REDUCED PRICES at the stores of the undersigned, viz., 3s. 6d., 5s. 6d., 14s., 28s., and 42s.

A similar reduction at wholesale.

J. K. HEYDON,
78, King-street, Sydney,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Australian
4265 Colonies.

IMPORTED SHEEP.—Daily expected by the Dockenhuden, a very superior lot of Saxon Merino Rams and Ewes. An early inspection is requested, as all animals not sold within fourteen days from the ship's arrival, will be forwarded to Moreton Bay. Apply to
A. DREUTLER; or,
KIRCHNER AND CO.,
Macquarie-place

RICH BROCADED SILKS.

GEORGE CHISHOLM AND CO. beg most respectfully to apprise the Ladies of Sydney and its environs, that they have just opened three cases of the choicest Brocaded Silks and Satins.

These goods are acknowledged by competent judges to be the most chaste and elegant designs ever imported into this colony.

253, Pitt-street.
April 7. 8323

ARROWROOT. — The undersigned have just received from the South Sea Islands, a choice sample of the above, which they can confidently recommend.

GEORGE CHISHOLM AND CO.,
8322 253, Pitt-street,

GOLD DUST purchased by the undersigned.
8156 LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO.

GOLD.

JOSEPH HERRING, late Accountant of the Union Bank of Australia, Melbourne, Victoria, having established himself as a Gold Agent in that City, is prepared to receive orders for the purchase of Gold Dust on commission, to be disposed of as his principals may direct.

Mr. Herring trusts that a service of upwards of eleven years in the above named institution, will be a sufficient guarantee for his integrity in the management of any business that may be entrusted to him.

Melbourne, Victoria, January 1. 28

DOLLARS AND DOUBLOONS.

THE undersigned is a purchaser of the above.

A. ASHDOWN,
Manager Australasian Sugar Company,
Offices, 427, George-street, Sydney. 4767

GREAT CONVENIENCE
To Persons Requiring Temporary Accommodation.

MONEY Lent on goods of every description, from one shilling to one hundred pounds, at the lowest rate of interest.

W. G. MOORE,
Licensed Pawnbroker,
Pawn Office Department,
Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street.

Having large and commodious stores, persons leaving the colony for a time can have their goods stored, and the greatest care taken of them; and have advances on the same if required. In applying to Mr. W. G. MOORE, the strictest confidence may be depended on.

BRIG CHRISTINA.

ALL Accounts against this vessel must be delivered to the Agents, by noon, this day—being required to close charterer's accounts.

SMITH, BROTHERS, AND CO.,
8302 Agents.

SHIP JOHNSTONE, Captain Harrison, for London. Shippers are requested to pass their entries at the Custom House, and send bills of lading to the Consignee's Office before noon, as the ship clears to-day.

MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO.
8290

BARQUE ANN, Captain S. C. Walker.—It is requested that all accounts against this ship be presented at the office of the consignees before noon this day, or they will not be paid.

MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO.
8273

I HEREBY give notice, that the Goods left in my charge by Mrs. Coumbes for three weeks' board and lodging, I will cause the same to be sold by public auction in fourteen days from this date, if not released in that time.

PATRICK KENNY,
Hosking-place.
April 6.

N.B.—This advertisement will not be repeated. 8339

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL.

April 6.—Surinam, barque, 341 tons, Captain O'Connell, from Melbourne 28th ultimo. Passengers—Six in the steerage.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

This Day.—Thomas King, for Manila; Tamar, for London; Perseverance, for Port Cooper.

DEPARTURES.

April 6.—Agricola, barque, 565 tons, Captain Bell, for London.

April 6.—Freak, brig, 235 tons, Captain H. Burns, for the South Sea Islands.

COASTERS INWARDS.

April 6.—Glenduart, from the M'Leay River, with 2 pigskins, 218 hides, 9 bushels wheat, 57 casks tallow, 169 lbs. fish, 4450 staves; Rainbow, from Brisbane Water, 4510 feet timber, 5700 shingles; Gitana, from Brisbane Water, with 560 bushels shells; Venus, from Newcastle, with 58 tons coals; Petrel, from Newcastle, with 100 tons coals; Warlock, from Newcastle, with 64 tons coals; Sister, from Newcastle, with 55 casks tallow, 950 hides, 9 trusses hay; Rose, steamer, from Newcastle, with 58 casks tallow, 138 hides, 28 trusses hay, 110 bags bran, 56 bales wool, 700 horns, 40 bushels barley, 144 bushels wheat, 105 bags maize, 8 bales skins, 12 lambs, 40 pigs, 8 horses, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

April 6.—Venus, Petrel, and Traveller's Bride, for Newcastle, in ballast; Gitana and Rainbow, for Brisbane Water, with sundries; Carnation, for Broulee, with sundries; Agnes Nanier, for the Moruya, with sundries; Keera, steamer, for Wollongong, with sundries; Elizabeth, for the Hawkesbury, with sundries.

IMPORTS.

April 6.—Surinam, from Antwerp via Port Phillip: 12 barrel nails, J. Frey; 150 cases window glass, Whyvens and Dethy; 70 barrels nails, 2 cases, Jencken, Barber, and Co.; 1 case, M. Birnstingl; 9 barrels, 2 cases cigars, Montefiore, Graham, and Co.; 2 cases tobacco, A. Dreutler; 12 cases cigars, H. Moore; 70 barrels nails, 334 cases 2 barrels zinc, 200 cases champagne, 294 cases window glass, 16 cases tobacco, 45 cases cigars, 1 barrel beer, 500 cellars gin, 4 cases arms, 360 cases wax candles, 800 bags common salt, 500 bags fine salt, 14 cases razor stone, 1 case silk ware, 1 case boots, 150 cases pipes, 1500 marmites 2 cases needles, 20 barrels malt, 1 case pictures, 100 barrels Epsom salts, 113 cases wine, 85 cases cognac, 2 parcels samples, 25 bales, Order.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the Post Office, as follows:—

For London.—By the Tamar, this day, at noon.

For Manila.—By the Thomas King, this day, at noon.

VICTORIA.

Melbourne. — Arrivals: March 27. City of Melbourne, from Launceston, with 176 passengers; George, barque, 257 tons, W. Punchard, from Singapore, via Adelaide. Passenger—Mr Herder; Clarence Packet, schooner, Cathery, from Sydney; Gazelle, brig, 181 tons, M'Donald from Launceston, with twenty-six passengers; Louis and Miriam, brig, 127 tons, Pilfold, from Sydney; Candahar, ship, 700 tons, J. Goss, from Adelaide 23rd instant, with 283 passengers; Mariposa, schooner, Carr, from Launceston the 25th instant, with ninety-six passengers. 29. Tom Tough, schooner, Classer, from Sydney. Departures: March 28. Champion, Panama, Lord Montgomerie, and Louisa, for Adelaide.

The beautiful little steamer Victoria took her trial trip on Saturday, a very numerous party of ladies and gentlemen having been invited to celebrate the occasion. She got under weigh soon after twelve, took a circuit through the shipping in Hobson's Bay, and then steamed along the coast past St. Kilda and Brighton, returning to the wharf of her spirited proprietor just before sunset. The weather was most propitious a warm sun overhead agreeably tempered by a gentle and refreshing sea breeze; the river and bay were enlivened by the fleet of arrivals of the day before, and every part of the harbour partook of that air of intense animation just now characteristic of this colony. We are very glad to learn that Mr. Raleigh has sent home for a consort for her, which is to be called the Prince Albert, and is also to ply between Melbourne and Geelong each day, varying the hours so as to suit the convenience of all parties in both towns.—*Argus.*

Geelong.—Arrival: March 28. Jenny Lind, brigantine, Roberts, from Hobart Town, with 9 passengers. Departure: March 29. Kiwi, brig, Bruce, for Adelaide.

Steam.—The Aphrasia met with an accident when about half way to Melbourne on her passage from Geelong. The engine shaft and crank having snapped, the vessel must of course be laid up and repaired, which will occupy a great deal of time and cost a large amount of money. Fortunately the Victoria is now in steaming trim, and will make her first voyage on Monday or Tuesday next.—*Geelong Advertiser.*

VAN DIEMEN'S LAND.

Hobart Town.—Arrivals: March 19. Yarra, schooner, Rob, from Victoria; John Bull, brigantine, Gray, from Port Albert. 20. Zephyr, schooner, Tanner, from Victoria; Tasmania, barque, Bell, from Portland Bay; Aboukir, barque, 816 tons, Carwell, from London 7th and Plymouth 28th December, with 279 male prisoners.—Departures: March 19. Marie Laure, whaling barque, Mansfield, for the South Seas; Cosmopolite, Marr, for Port Albert; Go-a-head, schooner, Downes, for Melbourne. 20. Lalla Rookh, ship, 324 tons, Gardner, for the Marquesas Islands. Eucalyptus, schooner, 135 tons, Blackburne, for Melbourne. 22. Elizabeth, schooner, 70 tons, Guest, for Melbourne.

Launceston.—Arrival: March 24. Nautilus, barque, Cook, from Melbourne. Departures: March 20, Swan, brig, Anderson, for Geelong; 23, Thomas and Joseph Crisp, barque, 370 tons, Williams, for London.

The Ship Harpley.—Information has reached this town of the condemnation of the ship Harpley, the property of James Raven, Esq., which vessel was built by Mr. Paterson on the west bank of the Tamar in 1847, of green gum, and cost, it is said, £14,980. She was about to be laid on as an emigrant ship to these colonies, when, in the course of surveying her, it was discovered that her timbers and planking were in a defective state from rot; the consequence was her condemnation. However much we regret the loss that must fall upon the owner of the vessel, we regret a thousand times more the occasion for it, as likely to create a prejudice against the timber of this country for ship-building purposes. It will be the case, yet most unjustly so: the timbers of any country—old English oak itself—would rot, if felled out of season, and immediately worked up: and how can it be expected that the trees of this country, cut down without the smallest regard to season—with the sap in them, and fashioned into ship's timbers and planking on the spot, can possess durability? Regard must be had to seasoning the timber used for ship building on the Tamar, or the vessels constructed will be most unfavourably classed, if classed at all, on Lloyd's books.—*H. T. Advertiser.*

The Aboukir brings 279 male prisoners, under the superintendance of Dr. Bynoe, R.N.; Religious Instructor, Mr. Christopher Paule. She had a fine passage of 84 days, having left Gravesend on the 7th, Cowes on the 15th, and Plymouth on the 27th December. The guard consists of 30 pensioners. Of these 23 are married and bring their wives with them. There are also 2 sons, 5 daughters, and 35 children of pensioners on board. The state of health is good, only 1 prisoner and 1 child died. A child was born on the passage. The mail consists of 5 boxes, 9 bags, and 2 small parcels.—*H. T. Advertiser.*

ADELAIDE.

Arrived: March 17. Hashemy, ship, from Plymouth 2nd December; 18. Lapwing, cutter, 63 tons, Isbister, from Melbourne March; 18, Petrel, from Melbourne; Bandicoot, from Port Lincoln, with 68 passengers. Cleared Out: March 13, Amazon, barque, Head, for Melbourne; Adelaide, ship, Stephens, for Calcutta; Cecilia, barque, Hjarne, for Melbourne.

EXPORT OF GOLD.

The following is the list of consignors, and the quantities of gold transmitted to London, ex Agricola, Captain Bell:—

	ozs.	dwts.	grs.
Brown and Co.	1255	14	0
Gilchrist and Alexander	1280	0	0
Philip Hart	675	8	0
Lyall, Scott, and Co.	506	13	2
Lamb, Parbury, and Co. ...	500	0	0
Watkins and Dean ...	322	2	0
John Belisario	226	2	0
Meyer Iredzisk	198	15	0
D. Fernandez	100	0	0
Louis Barber and Co. ...	59	16	0
Hyam Davis	57	6	0
H. W. Hamilton ...	16	0	0
Aspinall and Chalder ...	281	13	0
	5519	9	2

Five thousand five hundred and forty nine ounces, nine pennyweights, and two grains, the value of which at £3 5s. per ounce, is £18,035 11s. 6½d.

Custom House.—Entered outwards: April 6. Scotia schooner, 60 tons, Davis, for Wellington; Sir John Byng, brig, 169 tons, Firth, for Port Fairy; Pauline, schooner, 197 tons, Bain, for Port Cooper.

English Shipping.—The Bondicar arrived on the 19th, and the Emma Eugenia on the 21st December, from Sydney. The Laura, hence via New Zealand, arrived on the 24th December. The Royal Shepherdess, from Adelaide, was off Falmouth on the 16th December. The Victoria, from Adelaide, arrived at Gravesend on the 8th December. The Columbus, 454 tons, and Jane Catherine, were laid on for Hobart Town. The brig Adelaide, was laid on for Launceston. The James Alexander, for Port Phillip, and Mary, for Swan River, sailed 6th December. The Bernecia, for Melbourne, sailed 20th, and the Aramanth, for Hobart Town, 22nd December. The John Phillip, for New Zealand, left Deal 24th December. The Salopian sailed on the 11th, and the Aleto on the 22nd December, for Launceston. The Calphurnia, for Melbourne, arrived at Deal 27th December. The Caroline Agnes was to leave Plymouth on the 24th December, for Adelaide and Port Phillip. The Stag, chartered by the Canterbury Association, was to sail for Port Lyttelton on the 31st December. The Roman Emperor, and the Saladin, were to sail on the 20th December; and the steamer Clarence, from Liverpool, on the 5th January, for Sydney.

The Don Juan arrived at Melbourne on the 30th ultimo.

The Rose, steamer, reports the William Prowse as having arrived at Newcastle yesterday.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO NEXT PUBLICATION.

April.		Sun rises	Sun sets	High Water morn.	High Water even
7	WEDNESDAY.	6 17	5 47	9 46	10 6

Moon, last quarter, 7·4 p.m., April 11.

Purkis and Lambert sell, This Day, at their Mart, at 11 o'clock, Java sugar, sardines, raisins, soap.—Communicated.

Mr. Mort begs to direct the particular attention of wine merchants, ironmongers, dealers, and others, to his extensive clearance sale This Day at his Auction Rooms, George-street, at 11 o'clock precisely.—Communicated.

We are particularly requested to call the attention of the public to Mr. W. G. Moore's sale of unredeemed pledges, which will take place This Morning, at eleven o'clock, at the Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street; to be sold without the least reserve.—Communicated.

Parties about commencing housekeeping should not neglect attending R. Muriel's sale of household furniture and sundries, this day at 11 o'clock precisely.—Communicated.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

This Evening, April 7,

Will be produced the Comedy of SPEED THE PLOUGH; or, THE FARMERS' GLORY. Sir Philip Blandford, Mr. Spencer; Morrington, Mr. Willis; Bob Handy, Mr. F. Howson; Henry, Mr. Arabin; Farmer Ashfield, Mr. Griffiths; Sir Abel Handy, Mr. Rogers; Miss Blandford, Mrs. Guerin; Lady Handy, Madame Carandini; Susan Ashfield, Miss Hart; Dame Ashfield, Mrs. Gibbes. To conclue with the popular Comedy of MY HEART'S IDOL; or, A DESPERATE REMEDY. Count Leopold Von Kahlenberg, Mr. Willis; Baron Borrowitz, Mr. F. Howson; Colonel Reichard, Mr. Arabin; Major Waldeck, Mr. M'Gowan: Madame Reinstein, Mrs. Guerin: Louise Von Essenlingen, Miss Hart; Baronness Borrowitz, Madame Carandini.

THE

Sydney Morning Herald.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1852.

"Sworn to no Master, of no Sect am I."

IMPORTANT NEWS.

We received yesterday via Hobart Town and Melbourne English news to the 28th December.

The reports of a disagreement in the Cabinet have turned out to be correct; but it is Lord Palmerston, and not Lord Grey, who has retired. It will be seen by the extracts which we give in another column, that the last straw which broke the camel's back—the climax to the noble lord's unpopularity with the moderate party—was the undignified, and, as far as most of the Continental powers were concerned, insulting language which he used on receiving the Finsbury Addresses relative to Kossuth. Had Lord Palmerston not have resigned, the Ministry would most probably have been broken up, and the colonies have been relieved from Lord Grey; but we fear that having conquered his ancient enemy, his influence in the Cabinet will be stronger than ever. This will render it necessary for the anti-convict party to be more energetic than ever. Lord Granville succeeds to the Seals of the Foreign Office.

Louis Napoleon was elected President for ten years, by a majority of nine to one, the numbers being—

Yes 6,011,000

No............. 709,000

Having secured his seat for so long a period, it is announced that His Highness intends to form a matrimonial alliance with one of the reigning Houses, and then—for an Imperial Crown.

We have taken from the *Melbourne Herald* an excellent summary of news, copied we believe from the *Hobart Town Courier*. It is so full as to prevent the necessity of any further remarks in this part of our paper.

LOUIS NAPOLEON'S ELECTION.

When Louis Napoleon made what he called his "loyal appeal" from the people's representatives to the people themselves, promising to abide by their award whatever it might be, it was to be presumed that his statement of the case between the Assembly and himself was substantially accurate, and that the people would be left to pronounce judgment according to their own unfettered convictions. Unhappily, neither of these presumptions appears to have been borne out by subsequent disclosures. The letter addressed to the Editor of the *Times* by a Member of the Assembly, though necessarily anonymous, proved, so far as such documents are capable of proving, by references to facts and dates, that the allegations set forth in the Appeal were for the most part not only untrue, but the reverse of truth. And scarcely had the business of the general election commenced when it became too palpable to admit of contradiction or of doubt, that whatever might be the merits or demerits of the case as put forth by the President, the people's decision upon it, in so far as *his* influence could be exerted, was to be extorted by fraud and intimidation.

The decision has been pronounced. Five-sixths of the voters have responded in the appellant's favour, and Louis Napoleon is now declared to be President for the term of ten years. No matter how the votes were obtained, obtained they were; and on the republican maxim, *vox populi vox Dei*, he rules by divine right. The nation has absolved him of his political sins. His shameless violation of his own solemn oath, by subverting the constitution he had sworn to uphold, by ejecting the Assembly he had sworn to respect, by destroying the civil liberty he had sworn to maintain, and by outraging in every conceivable mode the laws he had sworn to obey, is no longer to be charged upon him as a crime, for the *Vox* has approved and ratified the deed. If he did evil, he did evil that good might come; and for the sake of the good, the *Vox* has sanctified the evil. In all the violent acts just enumerated, he was right; in gagging the press, he was right; in sealing the lips of the people, he was right; in thrusting inoffensive citizens into prison, he was right; in forbidding the tribunals to sit in judgment on any of his actions, he was right; in nothing that he did was he wrong: for so has the infallible *Vox* decreed. If the people of France are in thraldom, it is a thraldom self-imposed. If they are slaves, it is because they have chosen to be slaves rather than to be free. If they blame the tyrant whose yoke is upon their necks, much more deeply have they to blame themselves for stooping to receive the yoke, and for assisting in making it secure.

A career begun in treachery, falsehood, and violence, is not likely to be characterised by the opposite virtues. Can any man believe that Louis Napoleon, in his secret heart, measures the duration of his sway by the limit stipulated in the terms of the election, or his powers by any limits that may be imposed in future legislation? Is it not morally certain that, like his renowned uncle, he will be guided by circumstances? And that should these prove favourable to the realisation of his own ambitious dreams, he will despise, as he has already despised, both the authority of law and the obligation of oaths?

And is it likely that the French people will long submit to the tyranny which for the present has been consecrated by their own suffrage? Is not the fickleness of their past history a sure prognostic of their fickleness in times coming? May we not reasonably anticipate that the volatile temper which pulled down Charles the Tenth and set up Louis Philippe, which pulled down Louis Philippe and set up Louis Napoleon, will by and by pull down Louis Napoleon and set up somebody else?

"Ten years!" What changes may not ten years bring about under such a ruler, and amongst such a people? See what changes were brought about in a few years under the illustrious despot in whose name and kinsmanship Louis Napoleon rejoices, and whose example he shows every disposition to emulate. Two years after Buonaparte deposed the French Directory and became First Consul *vi et armis*, he was elected Consul for ten years; three months after that, he was made Consul for life; two years after that, he assumed the imperial purple; and ten years after that, he found himself a captive in the Isle of Elba. And within the ten years for which his less gifted, though not less ambitious or less unscrupulous descendent has extorted the right to rule France "in the name of the people," it is by no means impossible that Napoleon the Second may rise to a height equally giddy, and fall into a depth equally ignominious.

It will be well for Europe if the parallel between uncle and nephew extend no further than their own individual vicissitudes. But there is imminent danger that it will not stop there; and it is quite certain that our own Government are uneasy at the prospect. By his proceedings in the Papal dominions, the President has already shown that noninterference with the internal affairs of foreign states is no article of his political creed. Having twice tasted the blood of military despotism, first by crushing the liberties of Rome, then by crushing the liberties of France, it will surprise nobody if he show an eagerness to taste it again in other quarters. Austria chuckles in his adhesion to the cause of absolutism; Kossuth trembles at his triumphs over the cause of liberty; the zealots for the cause of universal peace turn pale at the probabilities of a general war.

LAST NIGHT'S MEETING.

The report of the proceedings at the numerously attended and spiritedly conducted meeting of the Anti-Transportation League is so lengthy that we are compelled to postpone its insertion until to-morrow. We are glad to be able to announce that so far from being discouraged by the pertinacity of Lord Grey, the League, feeling the justice of the cause, is likely to be more warmly supported than it has hitherto been.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT.

Tuesday, April 6.

Before Mr. Justice Therry.

FRAUD.

John Korff, late of Sydney, ships' husband, was indicted for having, on the 26th of January last, when employed by one Edward Mawney Sayers, as a ships' husband, to purchase amongst other things a chain cable, purchased such a cable from one James Smith for £16, and delivered to the said E. M. Sayers a false bill and receipt thereof, representing that he had paid £46 7s. for the article, thereby obtaining from Mr. Sayers a certain valuable security, to wit, a cheque for £128 7s., including among other things thus falsely alleged, payment of £46 7s.

The information contained a second count, alleging that the defendant being employed by Mr. Sayers to pay Smith for a chain cable had paid £16 for the same, falsely pretending to Sayers that he had paid £46, obtaining the cheque as before set out, and appropriating the difference. The only material variation between these two counts was that in the first the whole details of the alleged fraud were set out, while in the second it was charged in more general terms.

The Attorney-General conducted the prosecution. The defence was conducted by Messrs. Foster and Broadhurst; attorneys, Messrs. Johnson, Billyard, and Johnson.

The Attorney-General, in stating the case, expressed his surprise and pain that a person in the situation of the prisoner should have degraded himself by the perpetration of a paltry, beggarly fraud. The circumstances of the present case were most disgraceful, and if such practices were allowed to prevail, they would have the effect of destroying that confidence between man and man without which it would be impossible that commercial concerns could be carried on. He then called

Mr. E. M. Sayers, who deposed to having employed the prisoner in the beginning of the year to inspect a vessel known previously by the name of the Sarah Abigail, but subsequently named the Clara. He first employed the prisoner on the 1st of January, and, on his recommendation, purchased her for £525. She was a vessel of 210 tons, American register. Prisoner told him she required several articles, amongst which were a warp, a chain cable, and an anchor; commissioned prisoner to purchase the articles on or about the 4th of January. On the 17th he received from the prisoner the account produced, which is in prisoner's handwriting, together with the several vouchers for the different items in the account. The account contains two charges for Surveyor's fees, one for £2 2s. and the other for £8 8s., in full of all demands. Witness had agreed to give prisoner £10 10s. for his trouble. In the first account rendered, the £8 8s. was not mentioned. From the amount of the account 2½ per cent. is deducted. Told prisoner he would examine the accounts and pay him on the following Monday. Prisoner called on the 24th January, when witness asked him whether the whole accounts were correct, and whether he had paid each account as per voucher. Prisoner said he had, and receipted the account as follows: "Received from E. M. Sayers, Esq., the above amount, having paid the above accounts, as per vouchers." Witness did not ask specially about the chain cable. Gave prisoner a cheque on the Union Bank, dated the same day. Saw the cheque since in Mrs. Korff's possession. The cheque produced is the one. The cheque was not paid in consequence of witness having stopped payment of it on the following Tuesday. Monday, the 26th, was the anniversary of the foundation of the colony, and a holiday at the Banks. On Tuesday, wrote prisoner a letter declining his further services; met him subsequently in the Barrack-square, when he said, "What does all this mean?" Witness replied, the matter was out of his hands now. On being pressed by the prisoner to explain, witness said, "It's about that chain cable. You've charged me more than you paid for it." Prisoner said, "Oh, what a fool I was, I was advised to do it."

Cross examined by Mr. Broadhurst: It was agreed that the prisoner was to receive £10 10s. a week before the settlement took place. The receipt was written at witness's suggestion, and it was on that occasion that the £8 8s. was added to the account. It was after banking hours. (A letter was handed to witness who acknowledged it to be the one he wrote to stop payment of the cheque.) Crossed the cheque "Bank of Australasia." First saw the cable on the 17th, at the Flour Company's Wharf. On the 24th, went again with James Smith and Captain Devlin, when Smith identified the cable as one he had sold to Mr. Korff at six shillings per cwt., which would come to between £16 and £17. It is customary for merchants to obtain discount on advances, and to charge commission also on the gross amount.

James Smith, blacksmith, residing in Kent-street North, stated he knew defendant; had had dealings with him in January last; sold defendant a chain cable for six shillings per hundred-weight, and subsequently took off 17s. more, being 1s. per hundred-weight, in consequence of the defendant having represented that he was buying for another; defendant paid £16 7s. for it; the cable was, in fact, a second hand one; defendant did not say what vessel he wanted the cable for, but it was at present lying on the Flour Company's Wharf; the receipt produced, for £16 7s., was signed by witness, who signed both this and the bill for £16 7s.; he signed the voucher for the larger amount without thinking what he was doing.

Christopher Caldwell, clerk in the Bank of Australasia, proved that Mr. Sayers' cheque was on Tuesday, January 26, paid in by defendant, to his own account; it was placed to his credit, and remained so placed for more than an hour, when it was returned dishonoured from the Union Bank; he was then debited with the amount, and notice of dishonour sent to him; on the following morning Korff gave witness a cheque to cover this debit. In reply to a question from his Honor, the witness stated that if in the interim, while the cheque remained to Korff's credit, a cheque had been drawn by him for the full amount, it would have been paid. In reply to questions from Mr. Foster, he stated that cheques so received on the previous evening were sent out with the first exchange at 10, and those received between 10 and 1 were sent out with the second exchange at the latter hour.

Mr. Braithwaite, a clerk in the Union Bank, proved that Mr. Sayers had money there to meet this cheque, but that payment had been stopped by letter.

Arthur Devlin, master mariner: Had charge of the Clara, and received a chain cable for her, which was lying on the wharf; saw Mr. Korff meet Mr. Sayers, when the former, referring to a letter received from the latter, asked what it was about; Sayers referred Korff to his solicitors, Messrs. Lowe and Stephen, but Korff still pressing to know what the matter was about, Sayers referred to the chain cable, and to an accusation against Korff of charging more for it than he had paid; Korff replied that he was a great fool for making the overcharge, but that he had been told to do it.

The documents having been read, the case for the Crown was closed.

Mr. Foster contended that there was no case to go to the Jury, as the cheque relied upon did not appear to be a valuable security in the strict legal sense of the term; that is to say, it was no value to Sayers, for if torn up at the next instant the latter would have sustained no loss, except, indeed, the loss of the small piece of paper upon which the cheque was written. Rex v. Walsh, 10th edit. Archbold 253. Rex v. Tippo, 2nd East, 11th edit. 673.

Mr. Broadhurst followed on the same side, quoting and adopting the argument of counsel in the case of John Minter Hart, reported in 6 Carrington and Payne.

The Attorney-General contended that so far from the cheque being without value it was a matter of pure accident that it was not paid. If it had been sent to the Bank between ten and eleven, before payment had been stopped, it would have been paid, and Mr. Sayers would have been a loser to the extent of the amount which it covered. During this time, therefore, the cheque was a valuable security to Sayers as well as to Korff, and the latter had expressly accepted it as such a security. If Sayers had drawn the cheque and deposited it in his own desk, and it had been stolen therefrom, it might not have been held a valuable security to him, (Sayers), and therefore, its abstraction might have been no larceny. The passing of it, however, to the person to whom it was payable, made it a valuable security, and it appeared in point of fact that Korff had had credit given to him for it in his own banker's account.

Mr. Foster contended in reply that the cheque was a valuable security only to Korff, and the latter could not be indicted for stealing or otherwise improperly obtaining his own property. The last of the points was this: If Sayers had sent this cheque to his banker, and obtained cash for it, the only result would be that he would have the money in his own pocket instead of in the Bank. It was admitted that the cheque was a valuable security while in the possession of Sayers: and if so, there was no offence of the nature of the present charge in getting it out of his possession; the meaning of the information was that the cheque was a valuable security to Sayers. No doubt Sayers might have been damnified by the cheque getting into the hands of third parties, but this was a wholly different matter.

His Honor said that as at present impressed, he was of opinion that the objection was not sustainable. Looking at the fifth section of the statute under which this information was laid, he found a definition of valuable securities, including all notes, warrants, and orders for the payment of money. This was an order of that description, representing a sum of £128 7s. and as there was evidence of the possession of it having been obtained by fraud, the case must go to the jury. The learned Judge, however, consented to reserve the point.

Mr. Foster now proceeded to address the jury for the defence. He had no doubt, he said, that he could go into proofs which would give this case a different complexion, but he relied so confidently upon a verdict of acquittal on one point, to which he would presently draw their attention, that he should not trouble them much with other considerations. He would submit, under the correction of the Court, that the jury, in order to find the defendant guilty, must be convinced that the latter had obtained the cheque by the *false representations* specially set out in the information. Whatever other misrepresentation there might have been, still if the cheque was not given by Sayers, because of Korff's allegations, and of his (Sayer's) belief that £16 7s. had been paid to Smith, there must be a verdict of acquittal. In the case Rex v. Dale, a case tried at the Brecon assizes, and reported in 7 Carrington and Payne, the prisoner had been acquitted under the direction of Mr. Justice Coleridge, because, although he had made all the false representations with which he was charged, the property for obtaining which he was tried was not given to him from a reliance upon any of these statements, but upon a belief in another story of which there was no allegation. It was clear that Mr. Sayers gave Korff the check, with a perfect knowledge of the price actually paid by the latter for the cable, and could not therefore have given this cheque upon any belief in the alleged payment of £46 7s. The object of Sayers, indeed, was palpably to fix the offence by making the offence complete, every reasonable precaution being taken at the same time to prevent the cheque from producing any cash in the interim between its delivery and the initiation of the prosecution. The attention of Mr. Foster was called by the Judge to Rex v. Ady, 7 Carrington and Payne, wherein Mr. Justice Paterson was reported to have said that if the prisoner obtained money really under false pretences, knowing them to be false, it mattered not whether the person paying the money intended to entrap him or not. The learned counsel, however, drew attention to the fact that in the earlier part of his charge Mr. Justice Paterson had sustained the doctrine of Judge Coleridge already relied upon; and in point of fact, the prosecutor had really paid the money in a belief of Ady's representations.

His Honor told the Jury that the defendant was indicted under the statute 7 and 8 George IV., making it a misdemeanor to obtain possession by fraud of any valuable security. A cheque of the kind in question was, in his opinion, according to the sixth section of this statute, a valuable security. After referring to the whole of the cases which had been quoted and relied upon, his Honor expressed his opinion that there must, to warrant the Jury finding a verdict of guilty, be evidence that there were false pretences not only made by the defendant, but acting upon the mind of Mr. Sayers and inducing him to part with the cheque. In determining this point, however, it would be a question for them to consider whether Mr. Sayers would or would not have given the cheque for the amount named without such representations as were made by Korff, and if he would not thus have parted with it under other circumstances, the Jury must then say whether, under such circumstances, there were not false representations operating upon the mind of Mr. Sayers, and inducing him to give the cheque to Korff. There was no reason for assuming that Mr. Sayers had acted with a deliberate purpose of entrapping Korff into crime; for it was clear that the latter had borne a previously high character, and his statements would naturally inspire confidence. It was most important to maintain and enforce the strictest integrity in all business matters of this nature, for unless this was the case there would be an end to that feeling of mutual confidence which formed the very soul of all mercantile transactions. The learned Judge read over his notes of the evidence, commenting at length upon every fact of the case, upon its bearing on the issue, and upon the inference which might be drawn from it.

Mr. Broadhurst disclaimed any intention of imputing to Mr. Sayers a desire to entrap the defendant. All that was said was, that Mr. Sayers, knowing that he was sought to be imposed upon, determined, by parting with the cheque, to obtain proof of it.

His Honor remarked that although discreditable proceedings were not imputed in so many terms they were so in effect, for it was not creditable that a person on friendly terms with another should thus give a cheque for the purpose of entrapping that other to a conviction for crime, without giving him any warning of what was contemplated, or any opportunity of explaining away the suspicious appearances of the transaction.

The Jury, after having retired for about three quarters of an hour, found the defendant guilty, with an expression of opinion that Mr. Sayers was aware of the fraud before giving the cheque.

Mr. Broadhurst suggested that this amounted to a verdict of not guilty, and that the Jury should be so directed. His Honor, however, declined to do this, stating the point was one which must be decided by the full Court.

His Honor requested the Jury to inform him as to whether or not, in their opinion, the production of the receipt from Smith operated as influencing upon the mind of Mr. Sayers, inducing him to give Korff the cheque.

At the request of Mr. Broadhurst his Honor also asked the Jury to say whether they believed that Mr. Sayers gave the cheque to Korff in consequence of his belief in any false statement made by the latter.

After about an hour's further consideration, the Jury returned with a statement to the effect that Mr. Sayers gave the cheque with a full knowledge of the fraud, and for the purposes of prosecution, not being deceived into doing so by any false representions by Korff.

Mr. Broadhurst applied to have this recorded as part of the verdict.

His Honor refused to do this but nevertheless took a note of the application.

Defendant was admitted to bail to appear and receive judgment.

ABSENT WITNESS.

Alexander Ikin having been arraigned upon the charge of wounding one John James, with intent to do him some grievious bodily harm, it was found that James was absent. The trial of the case was accordingly postponed, and the Attorney-General gave notice that unless James attended next morning his recognizances would be estreated. There had, it was understood, been an attempt to compromise, which the Attorney-General had determined not to permit.

Subsequently an application was made by Mr. Broadhurst to have Ikin admitted to bail, which was refused.

HORSE-STEALING.

Isaac Burgess was indicted for having, on the 23rd of February, stolen a horse, the property of Peter Tancred.

The prisoner had been apprehended a little beyond Hartley with a horse and cart, &c. apparently making his way towards the diggings; prisoner was told when taken by Sergeant Ainsworth, of the mounted police, that he was apprehended on suspicion of stealing the horse, cart, and harness; prisoner claimed the horse to be his own, but it was subsequently claimed by Tancred; the account given by the latter was, that he had always been in the habit of turning the horse out every night to forage about Camperdown, and the animal always came home regularly on the following morning until the time he was stolen; prisoner had resided in the neighbourhood; his suspicions were first aroused by finding that a set of harness had also been carried off.

(It appeared that Sergeant Ainsworth acted from information transmitted from the Office of the Inspector-General of Police.)

Prisoner read a statement to the effect, that he had bought the horse, cart, and harness, from one William Jones for £17, whom he had previously known, but whom he had since been unable to find, paying £6 on account and a note of hand for the remainder. Prisoner also dwelt upon the fact of his travelling openly on the main road in company with woman and children, as appeared to have been the case.

The Jury without leaving the box found the prisoner guilty, with a recommendation to mercy, on account of his wife and children.

LARCENY.

Burgess, the prisoner just convicted of horse-stealing, was now tried for stealing a cart, the property of one James Barncastle, of the Glebe. The stolen cart was found in the possession of the prisoner at the time of his apprehension, and its possession unaccounted for.

The prisoner was convicted, and was again indicted for stealing the harness found in his possession, and belonging to a publican at Camperdown. To this he pleaded guilty, and proposed to call witnesses to character. There was evidence that the prisoner had borne previously a good character, having been in business as a fellmonger and leather dealer.

The prisoner was remanded for sentence.

The Court adjourned until ten o'clock this morning.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

INSOLVENT COURT.

Tuesday.

Before S. F. Milford, Esq., Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates.

In the estate of Samuel Alexander, a single meeting. Claims amounting to £32 4s 3d were proved, and insolvent was examined. The creditors allowed insolvent to retain his wearing apparel.

In the estate of William Blaxland, an adjourned special meeting, for examination: further adjourned until Tuesday, the 20th instant.

MEETING THIS DAY.

In the estate of George Fleming, an adjourned single meeting, at noon.

MEETINGS TO-MORROW.

In the estate of Francis Alexander Levin, a special meeting to decide upon an offer of payment, at 11 o'clock.

In the estate of John Liscombe, a compulsory certificate meeting, at noon.

In the estate of John Thomas Wilson, an adjourned special meeting, at 1 p.m.

ST PHILIP'S PAROCHIAL MEETING.

At the adjourned meeting yesterday, held in the Vestry of St. Philip's Church, the Venerable the Archdeacon in the chair, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

1. That it is desirable that Synods or assemblies of the clergy and laity, separately or conjointly, be held periodically, for the purpose of consulting and deciding upon the affairs of the Church in this diocese.

2. That it is the opinion of this meeting that the consideration of not the temporalities alone but also all such matters as are contemplated in the 20th and 34th articles of the Church of England, should be referred to the assembly or Synod, which should include not only the clergy, but the laity also, who should have an equal participation in all their deliberations.

3. That in the assembly or Synod of the clergy and laity, if upon any measure proposed a question or difference of opinion shall arise, the votes of the clergy and of the laity shall be taken separately, and no act shall be valid without the concurrence of a majority of the clergy and a majority of the laity then present.

4. That this meeting, in desiring that the resolutions now adopted should be embodied in the petition to be prepared for signature by the clergy and laity for presentation to Her Majesty, protests at the same time against any act which would tend in any respect to sever the church in this diocese from its integral union and connection with the Established Church of England and Ireland.

TRINITY PAROCHIAL MEETING.

A meeting of the parishioners of Trinity was held on Monday evening, in the Trinity Church School-room, the Rev. Mr. Grylls in the chair. In consequence of the inclemency of the weather, the meeting was very thinly attended, only 12 persons being present. Prayer having been offered up by Mr. Grylls, the rev. gentleman opened the business of the meeting by reading the Bishop's circular, and the declaration and petition accompanying the same.

The Rev. Chairman stated that they would see from these documents he was not required to express his own opinion on this matter now, but to ascertain theirs, in order that he might be in a position to express those opinions at the meeting of the clergy, to be held on the 14th April. The first question they had to consider was, whether it was desirable that synods and conventions should be established for the government of the Church? At present it was very doubtful whether they did not stand in a worse position than that of any other denomination. It would seem they were deemed by some to be a mere body of voluntary religionists, although they were deprived, by certain ordinances and vows, from meeting in synods and conventions, as other denominations had a right to do. The other question was, how such synods and conventions should be constituted, and what powers they should possess.

Mr. Robert Campbell begged to ask, before proceeding to the business of the meeting, whether there was anything in the canons and orders of the Church in this colony which rendered this movement necessary.

The Chairman explained that it was found by the Bishop and the clergy that the laws by which the Church was governed at home did not extend here, and that consequently here the Church maintained its position only by its voluntary adoption of the laws of the Church of England, though in fact it was not bound by any laws at all.

A lengthy discussion here took place, in which Mr. Campbell contended that there was no necessity for the present movement. That the attempt to give the laity a voice in the government of the Church, was introducing a new element into that government. That all the laws and ordinances instituted for the Government of the Church in England were in force here, and were sufficient for all good purposes. Sir Osborne Gibbes agreed with Mr. Campbell that the present movement was unnecessary and undesirable. As regarded the spiritual government of the Church, he though it most unwise that the laity should interfere. It was not asked that they should alter or diminish the Articles of their Church, or interfere with its ritual in any way. And with regard to the temporalites of the Church in this colony, he would like to know what they were. Here there was no gorgeous church establishment—no bishops endowed with overwhelming patronage, no over beneficed rectors or starving curates. The clergy of the Church in this colony were like those of every other denomination, paid by the State, and if (as he believed all spiritual matters ought to be) left to the regulation of the clergy, he could not see to what good purpose this movement tended.

Mr. E. S. Hall agreed with a good deal that had fallen from each of the previous speakers, but must say that if there were those grievances in the temporal government of the Church which were alleged to exist, that they would best be remedied on application to the Legislative Council by local enactment.

Mr. J. W. Jones then proposed the following resolution:—

That at a meeting of the pew and seat holders of the Church of the Holy Trinity, in vestry, this 5th day of April, to take into consideration the opinion expressed by the Bishops of the province, assembled in conference in 1850, that the establishment of diocesan synods of bishops and clergy (and of conventions of laymen to be chosen by election) would be advantageous to the better regulation of the affairs of the Church—the prevailing sentiment was first in favour of the establishment of such a constitution as may enable the laity throughout the diocese, by their representatives, to express their opinion upon, and determine any questions that may affect the state and welfare of the Church in the colony of New South Wales.

Mr. Ebsworth moved as an amendment—

That this meeting begs to suggest that a petition to Her Majesty the Queen be adopted and signed by the bishop, clergy, and laity of the diocese of Sydney; praying that Her Majesty will be graciously pleased to grant such a constitution, or form of church government, as may seem fitted to secure to the members of the Church of England resident in this colony, the same privileges and advantages enjoyed by their brethren in the United Kingdom.

Sir Osborne Gibbes seconded the amendment, which he thought contained the most straightforward and common sense suggestion he had yet heard on the subject.

The amendment having been put, was lost; and the original motion carried.

Mr. J. W. Jones then moved—

"That the opinion of this meeting is in favour of the establishment of an assembly or convention, to consist of the clergy of the diocese, and of an equal number of laymen duly elected, and that all members shall be severally eligible and competent to discuss and decide upon any measures proposed for consideration, the votes of the two orders being taken separately, and a majority of both being deemed essential to the validity of the decision, and that all decisions of the said convention shall be submitted for the sanction or veto of the Bishop of the diocese."

Mr. Burton seconded the resolution, which was carried.

Mr. Ebsworth having taken the chair, the thanks of the meeting were cordially voted to the Rev. Mr. Grylls, who then pronounced a benediction, and the meeting separated.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

Mr. A. Moore. — At the Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, Unredeemed Pledges.

Mr. R. Fawcett.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Boots and Shoes; at 12 o'clock, Greasy Wool, Hides, Cheese, and Bacon.

Messrs. Purkis and Lambert. — At their Mart, at 11 o'clock, Java Sugar, Sardines, Herrings, Raisins, Soap, &c.

Mr. R. Muriel.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, Glass, China, Crockery, Fine Flour, &c.

Mr. J. G. Cohen.—At his Rooms, at 11 Window Glass, Dried Salt Fish, Pickles, Sauces, Candles, Salmon, &c.

Mr. C. Newton.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Ale and Porter, in hogshead and bottle; Wines and Whiskey, Sherry, Crushed Sugar, American Flour, White Herrings, Pickled Salmon, Red Herrings, Navy Biscuit.

Mr. Mort.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Gold Scales, Nails; also, Clearance Sale of Wines, Porter, Ale, Bottled Fruits, Mushroom Catsup, Mustard, Pickles, Tea, Oatmeal, Ink, Blacking, Woolpacks, Spades, Nails, Sickles, Glass, &c., Furniture, Patent Mangle, Regatta Serge Shirts, Plums; at the Cattle Market, at 2 o'clock, Three-year-old Colts.

Mr. E. Salamon.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Damaged and New Books, Wrapping Paper, Coloured Prints, Stationery, &c.

Mr. Burt.—At Stewart's Horse Bazaar, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Carriers' Dray, Harness, Pony Chaise.

Mr. H. A. Graves.—At his Rooms, George-street, opposite the Police-office, at 11 o'clock, Furniture, Desks, Forms, Turpentine, Window Glass, &c.

Mr. C. Adrain.—At Rooms, King-street, at 11 o'clock, Drapery, Stationery, Glassware, Ironmongery, &c.

Destitute Children. — The late Mrs. Birnie having left the sum of £250 for educational purposes, her executors (Messrs. Barker and Cowper) have determined to place it at the disposal of the Committee of the Institution for maintaining destitute children which is now in course of formation.

Buyers of ale and porter are reminded that Mr. Newton will sell the large lot imported by Messrs. Montefiore, Graham, and Co., per American Lass, this day, at 11 o'clock.—Communicated.

Medical Board.—His Excellency the Governor-General has directed it to be notified, that James Mitchell, Esq., has been appointed President of the New South Wales Medical Board.

Alleged Assault.—John Reynolds was introduced to the Bench (the Police Magistrate and Alderman Egan) by constable Peters, who had received him into custody from Mons. J. V. Lafon, of Pitt-street, merchant, by whom he was charged with a violent assault. M. Lafon deposed that on Sunday afternoon he left home for the purpose of proceeding to the residence of the French Consul, and as he proceeded along Pitt-street he was accosted and abused by the prisoner; having made the prisoner, who was in liquor, sit down, he went on his way; in Hunter-street, about midway between Pitt-street and George-street, he was overtaken by the prisoner, who snatched his (M. Lafon's) stick, and therewith inflicted a blow on the right side of his head, just over the temple, which felled him, and caused him to bleed profusely; on rising he was about to run after the prisoner to give him into custody, when he was held back by a man who represented himself as a friend or brother of the prisoner; he however followed him until he met a constable near Barrack-street, and then gave him into custody. Cross-examined by the prisoner: Did not strike you in Pitt-street, but simply took you by the collar and made you sit down. M. Lafon called as witnesses Mr. Leatham, Miss Leatham, and Mr. Ducros, who fully corroborated M. Lafon's statement of an assault in Hunter-street; and their evidence, taken alone, went to establish one of the most unprovoked assaults ever heard of; but neither of these witnesses could speak as to anything that took place between the complainant and the prisoner in Pitt-street. For the prisoner two witnesses came forward, who said that they did not know either the complainant or the defendant beyond what they saw of them on Sunday afternoon; they (the witnesses—Patrick Coughlan, of Clarence-street, dealer, and John Fitzpatrick, of Pitt-street, carman), were in conversation together in Pitt-street, and saw the complainant and the defendant walking together on the opposite side of the street; some conversation was passing between them, but its purport they could not hear; they saw complainant give defendant a blow on the head with his stick, which knocked him down; it must have been of considerable violence, for when defendant rose to his feet he fell a second time to the ground; the prosecutor walked on, and defendant followed as soon as he regained his feet; they walked after to see what would take place; defendant went up to the prosecutor, and said something; prosecutor then struck the defendant twice with his stick, and was in the act of inflicting a third blow when defendant closed upon him, took the stick from him, and gave him one blow on the head; they wrestled together for some time, and twice or thrice fell, prosecutor undermost, against the kerbstone; prosecutor having defendant by the collar all the time; they both went away along George-street, and these witnesses saw no more of them until now in Court. Their worships having given the evidence a careful consideration, said that they could come to no other conclusion than that defendant was first assaulted, and therefore dismissed the case.

Master and Servant.—James Boyd, baker, yesterday appeared before the Police bench, (by Mr. Brenan, his attorney), to answer the complaint of Joseph G. Allen, who alleged that the sum of £5 10s. was justly due and owing to him for wages, which Boyd neglected and refused to pay. It appeared from complainant's deposition that Mr. Boyd in December last went to the diggings, and in consideration of his (complainant's) keeping the books of the business, in addition to his ordinary work as baker, agreed to pay him 5s. a week beyond his wages as baker; his usual wages as baker he regularly received from Mrs. Boyd, but the extra pay for the extra work he allowed to run on until Mr. Boyd's return; Mr. Boyd admitted that £5 of the amount claimed was due, but told complainant, on quitting his service, that he could not then spare the money, and he must wait for it; he had since returned to the diggings. Mr. Brenan contended that as this money was claimed in respect of services rendered as clerk or book-keeper and not as baker, the Master and Servant Act was inapplicable, and their worships had no jurisdiction. Mr. Dowling considered the objection good, but the majority of the Bench (Alderman Egan and Mr. M'Lerie) thought otherwise, admitting, at the same time, that they would have had no jurisdiction had the complainant been engaged by defendant exclusively as a clerk or book-keeper. An order was therefore made for the amount claimed. Mr. Grant, of the firm of Thurlow and Grant, conducted the complainant's case.

Fortunate Escape.—About 11 o'clock on Saturday night, John Robert Gaudy was given into custody by Robert Kidd, of Bathurst-street, for having assaulted and robbed him. On Monday, the prosecutor deposed that on Saturday night he was proceeding homewards through an alley leading out of Sussex-street, when suddenly he received a blow which knocked him down, and while down he was kicked and jumped upon; the marks on his face and eyes were caused by kicks; he did not see who it was that attacked him, but while in the act of rising to his feet, he heard the prisoner speak, when he at once knew by whom he had been attacked; had known the prisoner for three or four years; he had in his waistcoat pocket two £1 notes and 10s. in silver; after the assault he missed the notes, whereupon he went for a constable and gave the prisoner into custody for a robbery; it took place close by the door of the prisoner's residence; in order to satisfy himself whether he had been actually robbed, or whether the notes had fallen out of his pocket while he lay on the ground, he proceeded to the spot at daybreak on Sunday morning, and there found his notes embedded in mud; he did not now, therefore, charge the prisoner with robbery, nor did he wish to press the charge of assault; he had had some difference with the prisoner, but believed him to be honest, which was the reason of his searching the spot, as well as to save himself from error in his evidence before the court. Mr. Dowling thereupon discharged Gaudy from custody, remarking that he had a very narrow escape from a very serious charge, and that he was fortunate in having so merciful a prosecutor in regard to the violent assault of which he had been guilty.

Assault.—John M'Fadden, wardsman in the Benevolent Asylum, yesterday appeared at the Police Office to answer the complaint of Dr. Norris, the resident surgeon of that establishment, for having on Sunday, the 28th ultimo, assaulted complainant's son, Thomas Cunninghame Norris. The defence was, that young Norris had incited young M'Fadden to fight, during church hours, on Sunday, with a boy named Craven, one of the inmates of the Asylum, for which conduct he was about to chastise him, as he refused to accompany defendant to his (Norris's) father, and the assault complained of was the result of the boy's own violent resistence. All this was denied by Master Thomas, but was more than slightly borne out by Robert Norris, an elder brother. Mr. Martin, submitted for the defence that this was one of those trumpery cases contemplated by the legislature when it gave to magistrates the power of dismissing any that were prosecuted on frivolous grounds. So far from Mr. M'Fadden deserving to be brought to book for his conduct, he held it to be quite meritorious, and such as deserved Dr. Norris's thanks, whose duty it was to have severely punished his son for such behaviour, and setting so bad an example before the unfortunate and ignorant urchins who were inmates of the Asylum. The Bench found the defendant guilt of an assault, and sentenced him to pay a penalty of 1s., but without costs. Mr. Brenan conducted the case for the complainant.

Stealing from a Dwelling.—On Friday night a gold watch, of Genevan manufacture, with seal, key, and hook, attached to a gold curb chain, valued altogether at £20, was stolen from the residence of Mrs. Weavers, of Castlereagh-street. On Saturday night, three Manila hats, one bed rug, and one small compass, of the value of 30s., were stolen from the premises of Mr. Crawley, of Lower George-street, Eating-house keeper.

A Useful Public Servant.—We do not pretend to give a correct list of all the public situations which have been filled by Major Christie, but we believe the following are the more important:—He has been a superintendent of convicts, a visiting magistrate, a secretary to the Club, an agent for the Church and School Estates, a sergeant-at-arms to the Legislative Council, a secretary to a school board, and now he is to be Postmaster-General. We hardly know whether to congratulate the Government on having a servant who appears to be always ready for anything that may "turn up;" or the gallant officer himself, on having had so many opportunities or displaying his multifarious talents.

"Escape from Cockatoo."—The convict Thompson, reported to have escaped from Cockatoo Island, on Monday, we are happy to learn, not only is in custody, but the report of his escape, was somewhat premature. As it was supposed by the authorities that Thompson had concealed himself in some part of the island, in order to escape by swimming during the night, the whole of the overseers and constables, with part of the military guard, were placed on duty round the island during the whole night, with an armed boat at each end. These precautions shut up the prisoner from reaching the water, and yesterday morning, he was found concealed in a hole under the Superintendent's wash-house.

Stealing by a Carman.—On Saturday afternoon a drayman was hired by Mr. William Burslem, lately arrived from New Zealand, to remove some goods, valued at upwards of £60, from the Flour Company's Wharf to Cole's Buildings in Argyle-street. The dray was loaded, and the driver started with the goods, but has not yet found his way to Cole's Buildings.

Stealing in a Dwelling.—Between three and four o'clock on Sunday morning, Thomas Field was given into the custody of constable Dixon, for having stolen five £1 notes and a Savings' Bank receipt for £32, the property of John Carlyle. On Monday the charge was investigated by the Police Magistrate and Alderman Egan, the result of which was the prisoner's committal to answer an indictment at the Quarter Sessions. It appeared from the evidence, that on Saturday afternoon the prisoner went to Carlyle's residence, in Clarence-lane, and gave Mrs. Carlyle a £1 note and 5s. to take care of for him; the note she put in a stocking, with four other notes belonging to her husband; at a late hour of the night, after Carlyle was in bed, Field went to the house and asked Mrs. Carlyle if she could make up a bed for him, which she consented to do; previously, however, to making up the bed, she put the stocking in question, containing the five £1 notes, and a Savings' Bank deposit receipt for £32, under her husband's pillow; not very long after she observed Field reading a paper by the candle, which she at once perceived was the Savings' Bank paper; she immediately called up her husband, who secured the man, and held him until a constable was brought to the house; the prisoner had continued to tear up the receipt, and threw it on the floor, and pending the arrival of the constable, gave up two of the notes to Carlyle, and wished his liberation; Dixon, before taking away his prisoner, searched about for the remainder of the notes, and found another near the spot on which Field stood when Mrs. Carlyle saw him reading the bank paper.

Water Police Office.—On Monday, Geo. M. Wall, a seaman belonging to the ship Sir George Seymour, was charged by Captain Naylor with having used obscene language on Sunday last, the ship lying at Campbell's Wharf, and such language being heard by all parties in the vicinity. He was fined 20s., or, in default, to be imprisoned for 21 days.—Richard Singleton, a deserter from the Black River Packet, pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to be imprisoned for three weeks and kept to hard labour.—John Dobson, a seaman belonging to the Harmony, pleaded guilty to the charge of assaulting Serjeant M'Gee in the execution of his duty, and was fined 10s., or, in default, to be imprisoned for seven days.—Captain Mickleburgh, of the barque Cornelia, appeared to answer a claim for a balance of wages £6 7s 6d., preferred by Daniel Parker. The labour alleged to have been done was discharging the cargo of the barque, and the complainant described himself in the information as a writing-clerk. The magistrates, Mr. Brenan and Mr. John Campbell, held that the plaintiff was not a servant in the sense contemplated in the Act, and dismissed the case.—Yesterday, the Water Police Magistrate was engaged the whole of the day hearing a claim preferred by the crew of the ship New Liverpool, against Captain White, for their wages and discharge at this port. Mr. Martin appeared for the seamen, and Mr. G. R. Nichols and Mr Cory for Captain White. After hearing the arguments on both sides Mr. Brenan reserved judgment until Thursday.

What Should the Government do for Australia?—A pamphlet bearing this title has been very recently published in London by Mr. J. Morrisson, a gentleman who appears to be devoting himself to the furtherance of free immigration to these colonies. The pamphlet treats of the present Government system of eleemosynary emigration, which the authors denounces as cumbrous, unsatisfactory, and degrading to the intending emigrant, and recommends the creation of a loan of £1,000,000 on the security of the Land Funds of these colonies, to be applied in furthering the emigration of respectable families on Mrs. Chisholm's self-supporting scheme; that is by advancing the passage money to such families, to be repaid out of their future earnings in the colonies; the selection of the emigrants, and management of the whole business being intrusted not to Government Commissioners, but to mercantile firms of known standing and respectability. The author thinks 100,000 souls might easily be sent out within the next two years, and believes that the whole number would speedily be absorbed in the various industrial pursuits of the colonies, whether pastoral, agricultural, or mineral. The writer dwells with evident pain upon the unfavourable proportion which emigrants to British colonies bear to those sailing for the United States. The numbers given in the Colonial Land and Emigration Commissioners' Report, for 1850, are as follows:—

To the United States	223,078
British North America......	32,961
Australia and New Zealand .	16 037
Other places	8773
Total for 1850....	280,849

Of these 207,852 are supposed to have been Irish. The character of the Irish emigration may be judged of by the following statement of sums sent home from America by the emigrants to pay the passages of their friends; viz.: In 1848, £460,000; in 1849, £540,000; and in 1850, no less than £957,000! Contrasted with this is the number of ships and emigrants sent to Australia and the Cape. In 1850 there were only 31 ships and 7903 emigrants despatched to these colonies. The Government outlay from 1847 to 1850 (inclusive) is given at £572,000; and from the 1st of January to 2nd May, 1851, £35,000, of which £9000 was paid by the emigrants themselves, £13,000 was taken from the Land Fund of New South Wales, £9000 from that of South Australia, and £4000 from that of the Cape of Good Hope. The number of ships sent out from 1847 to the end of 1850 was 204, and the emigrants 50,957. The pamphlet contains some severe strictures upon the apathy and neglect shown by the Government with reference to steam communication with Australia. [There is nothing to be hoped from the Government on this point. *Equo ne credite, Teneri!*]

COBBITY.

Our Parochial Meeting has gone off most harmoniously. It was held in the School-room adjoining St. Paul's Church, on Friday evening, and being moonlight, several parishioners came considerable distances on horseback to attend. About thirty persons were present, including three members of the Legislative Council, and a number of small farmers, all evidently feeling much interest in the questions now submitted for the consideration of the members of the Church of England in the colony. The following may be taken as a summary of the proceedings:—The minister, the Rev. Thomas Hassall, having taken the chair, and opened the meeting with prayer, read the circular letter from the Bishop of Sydney, and the Declaration and Draft Petition, proposed to be adopted at the meeting of clergy convened for the 14th instant, in Sydney. It was then moved by John Oxley, Esq., J.P., seconded by Mr. Henry Lowe, and carried unanimously, "That the parishioners of St. Paul's Church having duly considered the documents read to them by their rev. Chairman, resolve That it would be advantageous to the better regulation of the affairs of the Church, that convocations, consisting of, the bishop, clergy, and lay representatives should be established in this diocese." Upon the motion of George M'Leay, Esq., M.C., seconded by Mr. John Martin, it it was also unanimously resolved—"That without being prepared to express decided opinions upon several points which will require to be determined in forming such a body, the parishioners consider that the proposed constitution of the Church in Australia might be framed so as to give the laity its legitimate influence, as they understand is the case in the Episcopal Church in the United States of America." It was further resolved, upon the motion of Charles Cowper, Esq., M.C., seconded by George M'Leay, Esq., M.C.—"That this meeting respectfully suggests, for the consideration of the reverend the clergy, in the meeting convened by the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Sydney, for the 14th instant, whether it would not be advisable, that before determining upon any petition to Her Majesty, upon the important question now under discussion, that a meeting of the clergy, and of lay representatives to be nominated by the respective parishes, should be held in Sydney, or some other convenient place, on an early day, to be fixed by the Bishop, for the purpose of ascertaining with a greater degree of certainty than can be arrived at by discussing the subject at parochial meetings only, what are the wants and wishes of the members of the Church of England in this colony requiring to be provided for." A formal resolution was also carried, conveying the thanks of the meeting to the Lord Bishop, for his Lordship's zealous exertions generally in behalf of the Church over which he presides, and for His Lordship's consideration in bringing the proposals now under discussion before the notice of its members. A vote of thanks was also carried by acclamation to the Chairman, and the Benediction having been pronounced, the meeting dispersed. From the number of horsemen, and the prancing of their steeds, who seemed quite conscious that the occasion of so many of those assembling together was not an ordinary one, we were reminded as the meeting broke up, of the excitement of a general election. The Church question is evidently attracting much attention throughout the rural districts as well as in the metropolitan city, and it is devoutly to be hoped that nothing will occur to mar the amicable settlement of one of the most important matters which have ever been proposed for the consideration of a very large number of the colonists. Although very great confidence is entertained in the ability, learning, and piety of the Bishop, much anxiety is nevertheless felt as regards the result; and our impression is general that the subject, after having been allowed to slumber too long since the Bishops' conference, is now too suddenly pressed to a decision. There is no sufficient reason given for thus forcing it on. Rather, on the contrary, if His Lordship is to go to England finally to settle matters, it would seem to be of the utmost importance that the opinion of the Church regarding its future constitution should be clearly ascertained, and pronounced in unmistakable language.

ORIGINAL CORRESPONDENCE.

WHAT IS BULLION?

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—Under the heading "What is Bullion?" your industrious correspondent A. C. has favoured us with a long list of definitions, and has even laid the ancient Britons under contribution by quoting the awkward word in Gaelic and Welch?

A. C. finally decides that bullion is melted gold, and consequently neither gold dust nor scales, but he also states that nuggets may pass as a rude form of ingot. This admission seems to me rather contradictory. If a lump of native gold in quartz, may pass as bullion, I cannot understand upon what ground gold dust ought not to be considered bullion also.

Your correspondent has left out of his consideration an essential portion of the subject, namely, purity. In a correct and complete description of the term, an assay is implied and acknowledged. No monetary institution can recognize bullion, except in connection with some ascertained degree of fineness, otherwise how can it be valued?

Among all our lexicographical authorities Webster stands alone in giving a complete definition of the term, he recognizes the condition of some degree of ascertained purity, as well as the form of the precious metal, which he correctly calls Bullion.

I am, Gentlemen,
Very faithfully yours,
A SUBSCRIBER.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

Louis Napoleon has struck for the maintenance of his position as President of the French Republic, and up to the present moment has succeeded beyond his most sanguine expectations. Whilst members of the National Assembly, who were hostile to his interests, were deliberating what was best to be done with him, and disputing whether he should be impeached, and hurried off once more to the fortress of Ham—from which he escaped to occupy the highest position in France—he acted, and so quietly and decisively, as completely to turn the tables upon them. Whilst Generals Changarnier, Cavaignac, Lamoriciere, and other military chiefs were aiding and abetting the plots of Theirs, Berryer, and other restless deputies,—each with a view to his own personal advantage,—the blow was struck which has consigned them to the fortress of Ham, and the prison of Mazas. The shell burst so suddenly, after being fired amongst them, that they had no time to save themselves, or to make good their retreat. They were prisoners ere they had time to turn themselves round, or to make the least attempt at escape.

Paris, after four days' struggle, is tranquil. The army has seated Louis Napoleon for a time in the Presidential Chair. The populace is as gay and flaming as ever. The theatres are well attended. But how long order and quiet will be maintained no one would presume to predict.

M. Theirs has been sent off to Germany.

A military commission has been named in Paris. It will undertake the preliminary examination of those concerned in the late insurrection. They will then be handed over to a Court Martial.

Seventy-three political journals are said to have been suspended up to the present moment.

Generals Harispe and Vaillant are promoted by decree to the dignity of Marshals of France General Randon is named Governor-General of Algeria, vice General Pelissier.

The Elyseans begin already to speculate on the marriage of the President of the French Republic. The rumour is that one or two princesses are thought of, both of whom are nearly allied to the family of the Buonapartes; the one the Princess Marie Amelie, daughter of the Emperor Don Pedro of Brazil and the present Duchess of Braganza; and, the other the Princess Charlotte of Sweden.

The difficulties between the Emperor of Morocco and the French Government appear to be far from terminated. The Emperor's rejoinder to the demands of Admiral Doubourdieu was understood to be unfavourable, as immediately afterwards the French Consul General, the *employés* under him, and a number of residents of both sexes, embarked on board of the four war steamers lying in the bay. A number of Jews also left for Gibraltar, those persons who remained placing themselves under the protection of the Sardinian Consul. The French war steamer Sane subsequently left with passengers, and landed them at Gibraltar, after which she started for Toulon with despatches. Further hostilities, therefore, seemed imminent.

Resignation of Lord Palmerston.—The *Times* of the 24th December has the following announcement—A few days ago, after the departure of all the Ministers from London, and at the near approach of Christmas, a Cabinet Council was unexpectedly summoned, although no assignable cause of public interest had occurred to explain this sudden requisition. This Cabinet was held on Monday, the 22nd instant, and it was remarked with surprise that Lord Palmerston, one of the most assiduous members of the Government, was not present. From these circumstances suspicion was excited, and surmise became rife. We have it now in our power to remove all further uncertainty on the subject, for we are enabled to announce, that from the day on which that Cabinet was held Viscount Palmerston ceased to hold the office of Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs or to be a member of Her Majesty's Government. It would not be easy to overrate the importance of such an event both to the stability of the Ministry and to the foreign intercourse of this nation at a time critical in the affairs of Europe. But on both these grounds we believe that when the motives of this decisive measure are more fully before the country, they will be found to be such that the dignity of the Queen's advisers and the best interests of the State rendered it indispensable. Difficulties had arisen, not only in the conduct of affairs with foreign States, but in the transaction of business connected with our foreign policy at home, which had shaken the confidence of Ministers in the Secretary for Foreign Affairs, and had weakened the control which the First Minister is bound to exercise over every department of the Government. These difficulties are not of yesterday, though they may seem heightened by some recent official expressions of sentiment which have been received with irritation abroad, and with astonishment at home. Her Majesty's Government could not be indifferent to the fact that, from one reason or another, the administration of our foreign affairs by Lord Palmerston had apparently left him without an ally in Europe, and, as some think, without a friend. That undoubtedly is not the natural or proper position of England, or of an English Minister, especially at a time when our sole interest and object should be to cultivate amicable and pacific relations with all foreign States, and when, in fact, those amicable relations are established every where but with the Foreign Office.

The *Daily News* puts forward several novel statements as to the cause of the rupture. Lord Palmerston considered a French Imperial cabinet an ally that might be usefully played against the new Holy Alliance, but the Court of Windsor or of Buckingham Palace took an opposite view; disapproved of Lord Palmerston's language to the Finsbury deputation, as insulting to Austrian and Russian connexion, and equally deprecated any close or even insincere alliance with the new ruler of France against the leagued absolutism of the continent. Earl Grey participated in these feelings, and became their opponent in the Cabinet.

The *Morning Chronicle*, in an article of considerable length, broaches one or two subjects untouched by its contemporaries. The rumour that a confederacy, headed by Austria and Russia have demanded that British hospitality shall no longer be accorded to political refugees of all nations and all classes, was referred to:—"It may be a strong observation to hazard," says the *Chronicle*, "but the solitary, if compelled, secession of Lord Palmerston from the Whig Cabinet, in the present curiously complicated condition of our affairs, foreign and domestic, will be viewed by many as a national humiliation; while it must be condemned, as at the best an extremely perilous manœuvre as repects the existence of the Government itself."

The *Globe* says that Earl Granville succeeds the noble lord.

The English markets were thus quoted on the 27th December:—"The opening price of Consols on Monday was 97 to ⅛ ex. div. being ⅛ in advance of the closing quotations on the preceding week. After receding to 96⅞, the telegraphic wire reported an advance of 1⅛ per cent. on the French Rentes, causing consols to close firmly at 97⅛. Upon the secession of Lord Palmerston from the Ministry on Wednesday, Consols reached to 96½, but the Government broker purchasing on behalf of the Sinking Fund, afforded support to the market, and 96 ex. div. has since been quoted."

The company of John Campbell and Co., London, have failed; their total liabilities are estimated from £250,000. Their foreign connexions are larger, and the loss from their stoppage would be widely felt.

An English resident in Paris, Mr. Flynton, by his will had left the celebrated countess of Bocarme the whole of his fortune.

Mr. Henry B. Jackson, late acting mate, and Mr. James Edmonston, late acting assistant surgeon, both of her Majesty's sloop Fly, just returned from the New Zealand station, were on Saturday last tried by court martial at Hamoaze, on board the Impregnable, 104, for desertion. The former was sentenced to three months' imprisonment at Exeter, and to be dismissed the service of her Majesty. The latter was dismissed the service. The same court passed a sentence of six months imprisonment on William Golding, ordinary seaman for desertion from the Havannah, Captain Erskine, on the 6th of October, 1848.—*Times.*

The New Law in Prussia, interdicting the public at executions, was put into force recently for the first time at an execution at Bonn.

Upwards of 1000 poor persons and children of the Ragged Schools were entertained on Christmas day, in the metropolis, in Leicester Square.

Another frightful colliery explosion, attended by immense loss of life, took place near Rotherham, Yorkshire, on the 20th December, about forty miners were either killed or wounded.

Extensive combinations among the working classes were forming throughout England; and a general turn out was threatened by the mechanics in Lancashire.

Fifteen hundred subscribers presented a sum of 400 guineas to the Mayor of Southampton.

Lord John Russell has declared himself in favour of universal suffrage, and promises to support the measure if his colleagues consent to it.

The *Morning Chronicle* stated, on Wednesday, that were it not for the *coup d'etat* of the French President, it would have been their duty to have announced the resignation of the Russell Ministry. This statement has received some credence.

The letters from Berlin mention that the Prussian Railway Loan of £2,000,000 is likely soon to be contracted, but that it will be at home, and not, as was reported, in the English market.

Disaffection existed in the Italian army. Arrests continued to be made of suspected persons. The ecclesiastical authorities are extremely uneasy at finding that the republicans have so many partizans here.

Three young men were beheaded at Marcerala on the 15th December. They were accused of having been the originators of an attempt to assassinate a priest in the year 1849, and by inserting the words "through party spirit," their judges sentenced them to death.

A considerable sum of money which had been sent to Hungary for revolutionary purposes by the London democrats has fallen into the hands of the Austrian Government.

Prussia.—Letters from Berlin communicate the arrival of a special mission from Louis Napoleon, and add "that a State preparation at the Elysee Bourbon, to be communicated to all the Courts of Europe, explaining the necessity of the *coup d'etat*, abjuring all pretensions to an imperial throne, and giving assurances of a desire in the President to preserve peace with all nations." To the King of Prussia such an assurance, if reliable, would no doubt be very welcome, as the loss of his Rhenish Provinces would be the first effect of a war with France.

A late letter from Paris states that, "Some modifications in the ministry are in contemplation. M. de Morney is going on a special mission to St. Petersburgh. The alliance with Russia is at this moment thicker than ever. The post of Foreign Affairs is destined for M. Walewski the French Ambassador in London. You are perhaps aware that this diplomatist passes for an illegitimate son of the Emperor. The Marquis de Lavalette has been recalled from Constantinople, where he will be replaced by the Duke de Guiche. After the result of the poll is known and published, it is said that Changarnier, and the remaining prisoners at Ham, will be liberated. M. Victor Hugo, who was closely pursued by the police, made his escape into Belgium by means of a false passport. Madame Hugo and her daughter quitted their hotel in the Rue de la Tour d'Auvergne yesterday morning to join him at Brussels. The two sons are still confined in the prison of the Conciergerie, in consequence of the verdict of the jury which convicted them of having published seditious libels in the *Evenement*. The ex-Representatives, M M. Cremieux, Leo de Labode, and Creton, have been set at liberty. The following have been transferred from Vincennes to the prison of St. Pelagie—M. M. Duvergier de Hauranne, Bixio, Foret, Paulin, Durieu Tellirad, and General Laydet.

The Australian merchants have addressed a stirring letter to the London *Times* of the 19th December, on the subject of postal communication between these colonies and England. They strongly animadvert on the apathy of the British Government, and express their determination to look elsewhere for indispensable aid, denied at home.

The *Mining Journal*, of the 25th, mentions an attempt to form a company in London for working the gold mines in Australia; but states that the project was abandoned, as no share or stock broker of high standing would allow his name to be used in the formation of any company, where there was not a bona fide grant of land.

The London *Times* of the 24th Dec., in a leading article, endeavours to account for British apathy on the matter of Australian emigration, in consequence of the high price of Crown land.

The Queen of Spain gave birth to an infant princess upon the 24th December.

The Pope has addressed a letter to his Nuncio in Paris, in which he expresses "his entire approbation" of the acts of Louis Napoleon, which have "saved society and religion."

The *Daily News* correspondent, writing on December 20, says;—"The last exterminating blow has just been given to the monetary system of the Republican Government of Rome, by a decree prohibiting the circulation of copper money bearing the insigna of the Roman Eagle and the inscription of *Dio e Popolo*."

The Austrian legation has given notice to the inhabitants of Rome that in future no work of literature or art can be dedicated to the Emperor of Austria without permission previously given by the legation.

The Austrian Ambassador to the Court of St. James's being at Brussels, received orders to repair immediately to his post.

The Australian Royal Mail Steam Navigation Company (provisionally registered, to be incorporated by Royal Charter, whereby the liability will be limited to the amount of the shares) inform the public that they have obtained the contract for the conveyance of Her Majesty's mails via the Cape to the Australian colonies. Prospectuses of the above Company will be issued in the course of a few days, pending which any information may be received at the office of the brokers, Messrs. Sheppard and Sons, 28, Treadneedle-street.—Proposed capital £500,000, in 50,000 shares of £10 each; to be increased as may be required to £1,000,000.—Wilson, Harrison, and Bristow, 1, Copthall-buildings, solicitors.—*Times.*

Field Marshal Radetzky is said to be failing fast, and General Haynau is wandering about like a restless spirit from one watering place to the other in a state of the most confirmed ill health. He is now at Laibach.

The Emperor of Austria having learned that Field Marshal Radetzky intended to purchase the estate of Einner Thun, in Carinthia, has ordered the States of the province to buy it, and to allow the Marshal and his wife to enjoy it during their lives.

Lieutenant Silemens, inventor of the electro-magnetic telegraph apparatus employed in Germany, has set out for St. Petersburgh by desire of the Czar. He is ordered to suspend a line, in the first instance, between the capital and Moscow, and afterwards another connecting both with Warsaw and Odessa. Other lines will extend to the Caucasus, to the Ural, and the principal seaports.

It was understood that the Government have accepted the tender of Mr. Walton for a mail to Australia every alternate month, via the Cape of Good Hope, at an annual payment of £26,000. The ports to be visited are the Cape, King George's Sound, Port Phillip, and Sydney. The vessels, it is presumed, have yet to be built. *Times.*

The Irish Catholic Defence Association had elected Mr. Wilberforce, brother to the Bishop of Oxford, a member of the English Bar, and a recent convert, as its secretary, at a salary of £300 per annum. There were fourteen candidates for the office, and the deposition of Mr. James Burke, the indefatigable honorary secretary, had given considerable dissatisfaction.

New Penal Colonies.—The anticipations we expressed in a recent article on the subject of transportation, that steps would be taken with a view to the formation of penal settlements and coaling stations for steamers in the Southern Pacific, are, it appears, about to be speedily realised. We now understand that the Lords of the Admiralty have given directions for the immediate equipment of two vessels to proceed on an exploratory expedition among the South Sea Islands, including New Caledonia and the Fejees, with a view to ascertain the capabilities they respectively present for the purpose in question. We also learn that her Majesty's ships Herald and Arrow are destined for this service, and that the Board of Admiralty, with a laudable appreciation of the professional talents and public services of Captain Mangles Denham, have appointed him to command the intended expedition. In this instance, at least, it is admitted that their lordships, by their selection of such an officer, have exercised a sound discrimination, and performed an act of justice to a meritorious public servant. It is likewise stated, upon the best authority, that her Majesty's steamer Pluto is about to be despatched to the coast of Africa to commence the survey of the Bight of Biafra from the point at which Captain Denham concluded his operations in her Majesty's ship Avon, a few years ago. The present period is considered most propitious for resuming this survey, as the obstacles which have heretofore opposed its progress from the hostile attitude of the native chiefs engaged in the slave trade are now removed by the almost total cessation of that nefarious traffic. It becomes therefore necessary, with a view to the encouragement of mercantile enterprise and the safety of our shipping, that the navigation of a portion of the African coast, now so little understood, should be defined as early as possible, more particularly as it seems that those who up to a late period were engaged in a lawless pursuit, are in its paralysis, now anxious to embrace any opportunity of establishing mercantile intercourse with this country upon a friendly footing. *Liverpool Albion.*

The Army.—Orders have been received by the depôt of the 67th regiment, stationed at the Isle of Wight, to hold themselves in readiness to proceed on the 1st of January to Dover to relieve the first battalion of the rifles, ordered to the Cape of Good Hope. The depôt of the 67th, comprises 12 officers, 410 rank and file, with about 100 women and children. In addition to the rifle brigade, now under orders for the Cape of Good Hope, it is said that the 85th foot will also be sent. At present there are exclusive of the local force, eight regiments of the line and one of Lancers in that colony, and the 43rd was shortly expected. The Cape Corps will, in all probability, be converted into a white regiment. Rumour adds that Lord Harris will shortly proceed to the Cape to supersede Sir Harry Smith in the civil government. The choice of such a man as Lord Harris, would, it is believed, be popular in the colony. It is related that in consequence of the recent augmentations to the forces of the Cape of Good Hope, an increase of not less than 5000 men will be required early next year, to enable the military authorities to carry out the system of reliefs. The only appointment vacated by the brevet which has yet been decided and that prospectively, is the inspector-generalship of cavalry. Major-General the Duke of Cambridge succeeds Lieut.-General Brotherton but will not assume the appointment until next spring.

James Mallard William Turner, Esq., F.R.S., died on the 19th December, aged seventy-six years.

The Hon. David Plunket, Master of the Court of Common Pleas, has retired, and is succeded by Mr. Grandy Burke, M.P. for the county of Galway, Ireland.

The same company which executed the submarine telegraph between the French and the English shores, has offered the British Government to complete a similar one in a very limited period between Kingstown and Holyhead.

The Illustrated London News was stopped at the Paris post office, on the 20th December, much to the inconvenience of the English subscribers.

The Arctic Expedition.—The Admiralty determined not to send another expedition in search of Sir John Franklin by way of Behring's Strait. The Plover is to be communicated with each year by a man-of-war—the Amphitrite is the next. The arrival of the news brought by the Dædalus, that the Plover had not been able to get north, decided the question, and despatches were sent by the mail to the Pacific, saying what was to be done in future. Letters have been received from Lieutenant Pim, dated December 11. He arrived at St. Petersburg on the 6th, and was dwelling at the British embassy till such time as he could obtain the Emperor's approbation of, and consent to, his expedition. Intimation had been made to Mr. Pim that he was to have the honour of an audience with his Imperial Majesty. The following interesting letter from Captain Penny has been published. It will undoubtedly have the effect of feeding our hopes that Franklin is yet alive: "I have lately been at Peterhead (my native place), and have learnt a very important fact, which I am sure you will think of sufficient interest to make known to the public, from my old acquaintance Captain Martin, who when commanding the whaler Enterprise in 1845, was the last person to communicate with Sir John Franklin. The Enterprise was alongside the Erebus in Melville Bay, and Sir John invited Captain Martin to dine with him, which the latter declined doing as the wind was fair to go south. Sir John, while conversing with Captain Martin, told him that he had five years' provisions, which he could make last seven, and his people were busily engaged in salting down birds, of which they had several casks full already, and twelve men were out shooting more. To see such determination and foresight at that early period, is really wonderful, and must give us the greatest hopes. I asked Captain Martin why he had not mentioned this before. He said that he did not at first think it of any importance, and that when Lady Franklin was at Peterhead about two years ago he did not like to intrude upon her ladyship, not having the honour of knowing her during her short stay. He is a man of the strictest integrity, whose word I can depend upon. He has an independent fortune, which he got by the fishing. As you have done me the favour to publish a former communication, I hope you will give this a place in your columns as I am sure it will give general satisfaction. Your most obedient servant, Wm. Penny. Aberdeen, December 20."

BRITISH MARKETS.

(*From A. R. and A. Nesbitt's Price Current of Australian Produce.*)

London, 19th December.—Hides, ox and cow, at per lb. dry, average weight 20 to 30 lbs. 3d. to 4d.; leather, crop hides, av. weight 32 to 36 lbs. 5¼d. to 5¾d.; sides average weight 16 to 18 lbs., 5¼d to 5½d.; butts, average weight, 18 to 24 lbs., 7¼d. to 7½d; bends, average weight 9 to 12 lbs., 7d. to 7½d.; sheepskins in the wool, at per dozen, 25s. to 42s; ditto tanned, at per lb., 7d. to 9½d.; Kangaroo skins, at per dozen, 18s. to 24s.; horns, at per 123, 30s. to 50s.; bones, common, 80s. to 85s.; mutton tallow, fair to good colour, firm, per cwt., 37s. to 37s. 6d.; ditto, middling to fair and tender, 36s. to 36s. 6d.; beef tallow, fair to good colour, firm, 36s. 6d. to 36s 9d.; ditto, middling to fair and tender, 36s. to 36s. 6d.; mixed melting, middling to fair colour, 36s. to 35s. 6d. per cwt.; mimosa bark, at per ton, ground, £9 15s. to £10; fair to good, chopped, £9 to £9 5s.; ditto, inferior chopped and long, £7 10s. to £8 10s. Leather—The trade continues dull for all descriptions, even at the present low rates consumers cannot be induced to purchase more than sufficient for the supply of their immediate wants. Only 700 Australian Crop Sides are reported, at 5¼d. per lb. for sound, of good tannage, and 5d. per lb. for slightly stained. Import 52 bales. Sheep skins—39 bales have been received per Mary Bannatyne, but are not yet placed upon the market. Horns have a downward tendency, but the value of Australian has hitherto been fairly supported. Sales 36,400, average 14⅞ to 15 ozs., 37s. to 39s. 6d.; average 13¾ ozs., 33s. 6d.; average 6¾ ozs., 10s. 6d. per 123. Mimosa bark continues in steady demand at former rates. Sales 160 tons at £8 10s. to £9 per ton for middling to fair chopped. Australian tallow—The quantity brought forward not having been larger than the requirements of the trade, has been readily disposed of at former prices for mutton, but beef, having been less scarce than of late, has receded 1s. per cwt. The sales since the 19th ultimo are estimated at 1248 casks 272 boxes.

The Colonial markets during the month have been extremely dull, and the general character of business has been very unsatisfactory. The failure of some houses here and in the provinces, and the consequent uncertainty as to others, have materially damped all tendency to speculation and commercial investment, while large stocks and heavy arrivals have likewise contributed much to this untoward state of things; still the steady increase in the consumption of most articles, and the anticipated check that low prices will eventually give to imports, lead us to look forward to a more speedy termination of this prolonged depression. The disastrous events in France, and the present equivocal position of that country, exercise a serious influence on our mercantile affairs, and are viewed by the commercial classes here with considerable anxiety, as the constant fluctuations of the funds amply testify.—*Economist*, December 27th.

Gold.—The price of gold at the English mint is—£3 17s. 10½d. per ounce for standard gold. Gold is 0·12 per cent dearer in London than in Paris, and 0·53 per cent. dearer in London than in Hamburgh. Foreign gold, in bars, standard, is £3 17s. 9d. per ounce:—Silver, in bars, standard, is 5s. 0⅝d. per ounce; new dollars, 4s. 11½d.—*The Economist*, 27th December.

Wool.—There has been an active demand at fair prices for all descriptions, while on combing wool, particularly Irish, a further advance has been paid, and prices are still looking up, as there are large orders on hand for France. Australian and Van Diemen's Land combing and clothing 1s. 5d. to 2s. 2½d., lambs 1s. 1½d. to 2s. 1½d., locks and pieces 6½d. to 1s. 6½d., grease 6d. to 1s., skin and slipe 6½d. to 1s. 6½d. per lb.—*Liverpool Mercury*, 26th December.

Five Hundred Persons destroyed by a Water Spout.—The London *Morning Chronicle*, of December 15, states that intelligence had just been received at Lloyds', dated Malta, the 8th of that month, of a most awful occurrence at the Island of Sicily, which had been swept by two enormous water-spouts, accompanied by a terrific hurricane. Those who witnessed the phenomenon describe the water-spouts as two immense spherical bodies of water reaching from the clouds, their cones nearly touching the earth, and, as far as could be judged, at a quarter of a mile apart, travelling with immense velocity. They passed over the island near Marsala. In their progress houses were unroofed, trees uprooted, men and women, horses, cattle, and sheep were raised up, drawn into their vortex, and borne on to destruction; during their passage rain descended in cataracts, accompanied with hailstones of enormous size and masses of ice. Going over Castellmarre, near Stabia, it destroyed half the town, and washed 200 of the inhabitants into the sea, who all perished. Upwards of 500 persons have been destroyed by this terrible visitation, and an immense amount of property, the country being laid waste for miles. The shipping in the harbour suffered severely, many vessels being destroyed, and their crews drowned. After the occurrence, numbers of dead human bodies were picked up, all frightfully mutilated and swollen.

Sydney Gold.—The specimens of Australian gold, weighing 106 lbs., discovered in July last at a sheep run about 50 miles from Bathurst, reached London yesterday, and are now in the possession of Messrs. Matheson and Co., to whom they are consigned. Originally they formed part of an entire mass of gold and quartz about 3 cwt.—*Times, December* 24.

Troops for Australia.—The *Times*, 4th December, reports, that the 71st regiment, 1st Battalion, stationed at Newry, (North of Ireland), and the 89th, at Clonmel, are under orders for Australia.

Who is Humble?—Alas! who is humble? We disclaim perfection, and run down the preachers of it, from a general confused consciousness of our unworthiness, but cannot bear to be told of a trifling error in conduct. What management, gentle insinuation, and nice art of address is necessary to prevent resentment in such cases, even from a friend.—*Adam.*

Blessedness of a Lowly Mind.—The greater the submission, the more the grace. If there be one hollow in the valley lower than another, thither do the waters gather. The more lowly we are in our own eyes, the more lovely we are in the sight of God. When to ourselves we are despicable, to Him, through Christ, we are accepted. We are unworthy, let us be lowly. Job was coming near to the blessing when he said, "I am vile; what shall I answer thee?"—*R. Young*, 1655.

MARRIED,

By special license, at St. James' Church, on 6th instant, by Mr. Priddle, Mr. William Frederick Budgen, to Anne, eldest daughter of the late Mr. Thos. Stevens, Windmill-street, Sydney.

On the 5th of April, by license, at St. Luke's, Liverpool, by the Rev. James Walker, M.A., Mr. Charles M'Neall, to Emily, youngest daughter of the late Mr. Joseph Nettleton, of Liverpool.

DIED.

At Louisa Creek, Mudgee, on Tuesday, the 30th March last, Richard Tasker Furlong, Esq., J.P., late Captain of H.M. 80th Regiment.

MONSTROUS BARGAINS IN SILKS, Consisting of Glaces, Fancy Stripes, Chéne, &c., &c.

G. C. TUTING, Silk Mercer, &c., 263, Pitt-street, respectfully announces to the Ladies of Sydney he has now open, and ready for inspection, a magnificent display of the above goods, which he has determined to sell at the most extraordinary low prices. In the annexed list he endeavours to give some idea of the extent, variety, and value of the stock in this department.

	£	s.	d.	
Rich Glace Silks......	1	12	6	the full dress
Ditto striped ditto....	1	12	6	"
Beautiful Poult de Soies	2	2	0	"
Chéne, checked and striped	2	2	0	"
Rich Black du Capes		2	4½	per yard.

Also, an immense stock of Watered Silks, Brocades, Satins, Pekin Stripes, Radzemeres, &c., &c, which will be sold at the same proportionately low prices.
8165 263, Pitt-street.

DE LAINE AND CASHMERE DRESSES.
G. C. TUTING begs to notify to the public that he has just opened upwards of ONE THOUSAND of the above dresses, which he is prepared to sell at prices hitherto unprecedented.
They will be offered as follows:—
No. 1. Rich De Laines, 6s. 10d. the dress, 11 yards
2. Ditto ditto, 7s. 10d. ditto, 12 yards
3. Elegant designs, 8s. 10d. ditto, 13 yards
4. New Cashmeres, 10s. 6d. the dress
5. Rich chintz patterns, 10s. 10d. ditto
6. The best designs published, 15s. to 18s. 6d. ditto
263, Pitt-street. 8160

SHAWLS.
G. C. TUTING would call the particular attention of ladies to the above department, which is now replete with every novelty of the season.
The Proprietor having just opened a truly magnificent parcel of Paisley, Vienna, and Cashmere long and square shawls, which he has determined to sell at such prices as must insure a speedy clearance.
263, Pitt-street. 8167

FLANNELS.
G. C. TUTING begs to notify to his customers, he has just received his annual shipment of Welsh Flannels, which he is prepared to offer fully 20 per cent. cheaper than any previous season.
8168 263, Pitt-street.

BLANKETS.
G. C. TUTING begs to announce he has just opened from 700 to 1000 pairs of blankets, which he has determined to sell at the smallest possible profit.
The above are, without exception, the cheapest and best manufactured lot of goods ever offered to the Sydney public.
263, Pitt-street. 8168

HATS FOR THE GOLD DIGGINGS.
ON SALE, at Mountcastle's French Hat Manufactory, 77, Market-street,
A large assortment of Hats of all descriptions, recently imported expressly to suit the present state of the market, viz.—
Waterproof Turon Hats } all colours
Alpaca ditto }
California ditto }
Gold Diggers' sou'westers
Lord Bateman's, black and drab
Ventilated French hats, ditto ditto
Beaver hats, ditto ditto
Broad brims ditto, ditto ditto
Shell hats, broad and narrow, ditto ditto
Men's, youths', and boys' caps of all sizes
Gold and silver military, naval, and livery trimmings
Hats of every description manufactured to order. A liberal allowance to the trade and country storekeepers. 6627

OATS AND BARLEY.—Wanted to purchase, the above, in any quantities, delivered at the Produce Stores, 291, Pitt-street, Sydney.
HENRY FERRIS.
April 1. 7849

THE undersigned execute orders of indents, through their agents in London, Liverpool, Bristol, Birmingham, Glasgow, Edinburgh, or Dundee.
CRAWLEY AND SMITH,
603 Campbell's Wharf.

ON SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned.
Brandy in hogsheads, Martell's
Ditto in barrels, ditto 1836, pale and brown
Ditto in hogsheads, Sazerac de Forge et Fils
Ditto in one dozen cases, Renault, Haroldson, and other brands
Rum, B. P. puncheons and hogsheads
Ditto in one dozen cases, Miles, Jamaica, a real liqueur
Geneva, in cases, I. D. K. Z.
Gin, British cordial, in puncheons, Castle
Ditto ditto in one dozen cases
Whiskey ditto
Port wine, in pipes and hogsheads, superior
Ditto, in three and one dozen cases, ditto
Sherry in hogsheads and quarter casks
Ditto in one dozen cases superior
Marsala in quarter casks, Ingham's best
Champagne, in three and one dozen cases, very good
Liqueurs, assorted
Vinegar, in hogsheads, Jenning's best wine
Oilman's stores, assorted invoices
Stationary, ditto ditto
Tin plates, I C., I X., I X X., Pontypool
Salt, fine stove, and Liverpool
Slates, duchess, countess, viscountess
Iron, bar, bolt, sheet, hoop, boiler plate, nail, rod
Deals, Baltic, spruce
Rosin, best Stockholm, and amber
Nails, Ewbank's, assorted invoices
Sheathing metal, yellow, Muntz's, Vivian's
Whiting, in tierces
Cordage, canvas, blocks
Flour, Chilian, in 100 and 200 lb. bags
Tobacco, Barrett's Twist
Boydell's
Manchester and Scotch goods, flannels, calicoes, prints, merinos, broad cloths, flannels, shirtings, serge shirts, vestings, &c., in great variety and the newest styles
CRAWLEY AND SMITH,
602 Campbell's Wharf.

CHINESE FIRE CRACKERS.
THE undersigned has now on hand an extensive assortment of Toys and Fancy Goods; also of the following articles:
Chinese fire crackers
Superior small tooth combs
Eau de Cologne
Lavender water
Assorted scents
China ornaments
Coward's old brown Windsor soap
Baskets, fancy and plain
Wax dolls
Porcelain dolls
Workboxes
Writing desks
Puzzles, of every description
Wax matches, in fancy boxes
Necklaces, a good assortment
Beads for the Island Trade
Box toys
Crotchet and knitting needles
And an endless variety of fancy articles, &c., &c.
Country storekeepers supplied on reasonable terms.
GEORGE JOHN CROUCH,
Victoria Bazaar,
336, George-street, opposite the Old Burial Ground. 8331

PAPER HANGINGS.—The undersigned have for sale, a rare and beautiful assortment of Paper Hangings, well worthy the attention of the trade.
6034 MACNAB, BROTHERS, AND CO.

ROSIN.—Now Landing, a few Casks, fit for soap boilers.
L. AND S. SPYER,
April 6. Spring street. 8316

ON SALE by the undersigned—
Baltic red deals, 11 x 3, of very superior quality
Champagne, in 1 dozen cases
34 quarter-casks of dry Lisbon wine, an excellent sample
4 ditto rich ditto
4 ditto Bucellas
5 ditto sherry
9 puncheons Scotch whiskey
Blankets, 9-4, in bales of 50 pairs
Broadcloths, black and blue, of various qualities.
MACKINTOSH AND HIRST,
7516 Queen's-place.

JAMS AND JELLIES.
ON SALE, by the undersigned:—
ASSORTED JAMS.
Red Currant, Gooseberry, and Black Currant Jelly.
☞ The above were manufactured expressly to the order of the advertiser, and are far superior to any English or Hobart Town ever imported.
THOMAS GOUDIE,
Cook, Pastrycook, and Confectioner, 286, Pitt-street, opposite the
7752 Theatre.

TO SHIPPERS, DRAPERS, AND STOREKEEPERS.
ON SALE, at the Warehouse of the undersigned,
White, scarlet, and fancy blankets
Welch and Saxony flannels
Scarlet and blue serge shirts
Guernsey and Jersey ditto
Lambs' wool and merino vests and pantaloons
Linsey and serge drawers
Lambs' wool and worsted hosiery
Colonial tweed coats, vests, and trousers
Blue pilot coats
Ditto ditto reefing and hip jackets
Doeskin coats and trousers
Black and fancy satin waistcoats
Double and single stitched moleskin trousers
White calicoes
Heavy grey calicoes, 33, 36, and 72 inch
5-4 and 7-8 print
Cotton and linen ticks
Moleskins and cords
Panama and felt hats
Christy's satin velvet nap hats
And other goods
C. NEWTON, BROTHERS, AND CO.,
8143 257, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, at the Warehouse of the undersigned—
Superior black tea, in half-chests, for families' use
Sugar, in mats
Bamboo chairs
Chinese tiles
Gunny bags, closely wove, for grain
Sugar-candy, in small tubs
Coloured window glass, &c., &c., &c.
HENRY MOORE.
Moore's Wharf, April 7. 8308

CIGARS AND SNUFF.
THE undersigned has received per Surinam, 57 cases of Cigars, and 10 cases Snuff.
The Cigars consist of—
Indias
Regalia
Half Regalia
Cabano
Regalia Especial
Regente
La Minerva
El Montero
El Agula
La Aclamana
La Rapodez
La Figaro
Which he has now for sale at his Warehouse.
HENRY MOORE.
Moore's Wharf, April 6. 8307

TO INVALIDS AND PRIVATE FAMILIES.
THE undersigned has just received a parcel of Allsopp's Burton Ale, bottled by Friend and Co., of London, which he particularly recommends to his friends and customers, especially to invalids. Price 12s. per dozen, in packages of 4 dozen each.
J. G. WALLER,
Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Old Bank of Australia, George-street.
8244

GOOD SOUND PORT WINE at 4s. per gallon by the two gallons, and upwards, with every article in the wine and spirit business at equally low prices, for cash.
J. G. WALLER,
Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Old Bank of Australia, George street.
☞ Wholesale purchasers treated with liberally. 8312

"J. HOPP'S" MARSALA WINE.
THE undersigned have now landing a batch of 50 quarter-casks of this celebrated brand of Marsala.
6033 MACNAB, BROTHERS AND CO.

COLONIAL BACON
English and colonial cheese
Labrador salmon and sardines
Scotch and colonial oatmeal
Mauritius, Taal, and China sugar
Hysonskin and congou tea
On sale at the Australian Grocery, Provision, Wine, and Spirit Store, 452, George-street, 4 doors south of Post Office.
8272 JOHN BEAMES.

Advertisement.
IF this should meet the eye of John Bird, (alias Peter Stanley), who came to Sydney in the Waterloo, (the 3rd), in 1833, and communicates with Mr. Patrick Moran, Cowie's Creek, Geelong, he will hear of his brother Patrick. 7719

MR. WILLIAM BOOTH.—The undersigned are desirous to communicate personally with Mr. William Booth, formerly of Circular Head, Van Diemen's Land, in order that they may give information which will prove to his advantage.
WILLIS, MERRY, AND CO.,
7440 Church Hill.

SYDNEY INFIRMARY AND DISPENSARY.
MR. HENRY ROBBERDS having been appointed collector to the above Institution for the current year, subscribers are respectfully requested to pay their subscriptions to him at their earliest convenience.
T. WOOLLEY,
7499 Treasurer.

THE public are hereby informed, that the partnership heretofore existing and carried on under the name and style of Woods and Meehan, has been this day dissolved.
March 30. 7780

TO CAPITALISTS.—The business of the undersigned, carried on for the last six years in connexion with the late Robert Campbell, senior, Esquire, of Bligh-street, having terminated, he is now open to make a similar arrangement, with either a working or a sleeping partner.
F. O'BRIEN.
610, George-street, March 31. 7812

GOLD RINGS.—The Gentleman who left two Gold Rings at J. Beer's Hair Cutting Rooms, yesterday, may obtain the same by giving a description of them, and paying for this advertisement.
578, George-street. 8341

WANTED, 1200 Maiden Ewes, warranted never to have been diseased. Apply to
R. TOWNS,
Miller's Point, April 6. 8348

WANTED, from 1500 to 2000 Maiden Ewes, to be delivered in Sydney within 14 days from date, and warranted sound. Apply to R. Towns, Miller's Point. 807

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1507880

CEDAR.—20,000 feet of best quality Cedar will be purchased at market rates by
JOHN MACNAMARA,
Queen-street. 8336

WANTED TO PURCHASE.—Books, linen, clothing, cabin furniture, dressing cases, desks, guns, pistols, and miscellaneous property of every description, by
R. M. LINDSAY,
Kent-street, near the Hunter River Wharf.
N.B.—A note, addressed, parties attended at their own residences. 7786

FISHING.—Wanted, a Fishing-net, about 50 fathoms. Apply to WILLIAM DALTON, Church-hill. 8361

WANTED to Rent, immediately, a neat Cottage, or small House, containing about 4 or five rooms, in a respectable and retired part of the city or suburbs, Fort-street, or Woolloomooloo is preferred.
Apply to WOOLCOTT AND CLARKE, House and Estate Agents, 555, George-street. 8356

FURNISHED Apartments Wanted, by a Widowed Lady and her daughter, of the highest respectability. Address X. Y. Z., *Herald* Office, stating terms. 8291

TUITION.—Required, in an establishment, a French Master, also an experienced Teacher of Writing and the elements of Mathematics. One free from Provincial accent, and able to assist in the English department, would find the terms liberal. Apply by letter to K., before the 12th instant, care of Mr. MOFFITT, Stationer, Pitt-street. 8281

WANTED, an educated youth, about 14 years of age, as an apprentice to the Printing business. Apply to W. NATION, Printer, Harrington-street. 8274

WANTED, an Overseer for an extensive Cattle Station. Apply immediately at MR. JOHNSON'S, Horbury-terrace, corner of Macquarie and Hunter streets, before 9 A.M. or after 7 P.M. A married person would be preferred. 8288

WANTED, a Shirt Cutter, one acquainted with cutting other garments by pattern preferred. Apply to ROSSITER and LAZARUS, George-street. 8226

TWO Butchers wanted, for a boiling-down establishment at the Clarence River. To competent persons high wages will be given. Apply to KIRCHNER and Co., Lower George-street. 7736

SAWYERS WANTED; good Wages and constant employment. JAMES COOK, Circular Quay. 8316

WANTED, a steady respectable woman, as a good plain Cook—wages £20. Also, a Housemaid. Apply to Mrs. CLARK IRVING, Macquarie-street North (first door from Bent-street). 8204

WANTED, a steady, honest couple, for a respectable country inn, to whom good wages will be given. The man required to act as cook and waiter, his wife as laundress and housemaid. Apply to J. FRASER, store next the Patent Slip, Sussex-street. 8184

WANTED, a Drayman; also, a stout Lad to drive a cart, both must know town well. JOHN FEARNLEY, Corn Factor, Lower George-street.
Wanted, also, a light Town Cart. 8330

WANTED, a thoroughly competent Miller for Yass Steam Mills. Apply to ALEXANDER DYKES, Millwright, Sussex-street; or to
JOHN WATSON,
8102 Yass Mills.

WANTED, a married couple. The man as groom and coachman and the woman as cook. References as to character will be required. Apply to Mr. JOSEPHSON, 187, Elizabeth-street, North. 8287

WANTED, three Horse Keepers for Alexander's stage coach Tally-ho. Enquire at 408, George-street, for LEWIS ALEXANDER.
April 6. 8328

WANTED, a respectable young man, as Light Porter; references required. Apply to L. HARRIS, London Mart, 281, Pitt-street. 8360

WANTED, a steady Journeyman Baker. Apply to GEORGE MUDIE, Windmill-street. 8343

WANTED, six Shepherds for the district of Goulburn. Apply to the undersigned.
THOMAS BROUGHTON,
8055. No. 381, George-street.

WANTED, a steady respectable Woman as Cook and to assist in house work; also a Nursemaid. Good characters required. Apply to Mrs. J. B. METCALFE, Potts' Point, Darlinghurst. 8300

WANTED, a Woman, between 40 and 50 years of age, to assist the mistress of the house. If a respectable person, she will be treated as one of the family and liberal wages will be given. There will be no laborious work, but she must particularly be sober and trustworthy. Apply at the London Coffee House, Cumberland-street. 8274

WANTED, a young woman as general House Servant. Apply at 452, George-street. 8271

WANTED, a Laundress and a Housemaid. Apply to Mrs. ALLEN, Toxteth Park. 8027

A GENTLEMAN many years accustomed to the management of Stock, and Agriculture, is desirous of obtaining a situation as Superintendent of a Sheep or Cattle Station. Address R. S. T., *Herald* Office. 7905

A DAILY GOVERNESS wishes to obtain a few Pupils in or near Sydney. She is competent to impart a sound English Education, with Music, French, Italian, and Drawing. The most respectable references can be given. Address A. B. C., *Herald* Office. 8292

TO MERCHANTS.—A young man of good address is desirous of employment in some establishment where he could obtain a knowledge of the routine of mercantile matters—salary not so much an object as occupation. Respectable references can be given. Address, D. M. A., *Herald* Office. 8364

WANTED, by a young man, just arrived from London, a situation as Clerk in an Auctioneer's Office. Having served his apprenticeship to one of the leading firms in London, and practised there for three years, he is competent in every branch of the profession. The most respectable reference can be given, and security had if required. Address BETA, *Herald* Office. 8340

£10 REWARD.—Stolen from the residence of the undersigned, a lady's gold horizontal watch, No. 3108, maker's name Koffer, Geneve. Also, a gold curb chain, seal, key, and watch-hook. Whoever shall bring the same, or shall give such information as shall lead to the conviction of the offender, shall receive the above reward. Mrs. C. WEAVERS, Junr., Castlereagh-street, near Market-street. 8232

STOLEN from the ship Ann, a Gold Watch; maker, M'Master, Dublin. Any one giving information that will lead to the recovery of the same, will receive a reward of Three Pounds. The person suspected is a Cingalese, belonging to the ship, who had liberty for 24 hours. A reward of £1 will be given for his apprehension, with or without the watch.
April 6. 8352

PUBLIC-HOUSE.—An old established Public-house, in one of the most respectable localities in Sydney, which has been for some time unoccupied in the above business, is now to let. Address A. B., *Herald* Office.
N.B.—The above has many advantages for a respectable married couple. 8351

SLAUGHTER HOUSE To Let.—To be Let for such term as may be agreed upon, the licensed Slaughter House lately occupied by Mr. Blakeney, situated at Blackwattle Swamp. For further particulars apply to the proprietor, Mr. THOMAS MAY, Parramatta-street. 8366

TO LET (with immediate possession), a comfortable detached Verandah House, at Eglinton-place, adjoining Toxteth Park, on the Glebe Road, containing six rooms, and store-room, besides detached kitchen, and servants' room, coach-house, hay-loft, and stable; also, an excellent fowl-house. The House has an ornamental garden in front, at the side, and at the back, all well trenched: commands a delightful prospect of Pyrmont and Johnstone's Bay, and has a never-failing supply of the purest water. Apply to C. M. PENNY, Chemist, &c., 558, George-street. 8357

SALES BY AUCTION.

C. ADRAIN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, King-street, between George and York streets, at 11 o'clock THIS DAY,
20 Pair blankets, 50 print dresses, 5 dozen bonnets, 3 pieces twilled calico, for tents, and various drapery. Also, 100 volumes books, 40 reams post paper, 20 reams demy, 20 reams foolscap, steel pens, &c., 100 dozen dinner plates, 20 dozen jugs, 10 dozen dishes, 50 dozen half pint tumblers, 24 camp ovens, 5 dozen spades, 10 dozen Italian irons, 20 dozen box locks, 2 kegs Hall's treble F gunpowder, and sundry ironmongery.
Parties attending the sale will purchase to advantage, as every article offered for sale will be sold to the highest bidder. 8365

FURNITURE.
Desks, Forms, Turpentine, Window Glass, Crockery, Carpenters' Tools, &c.
MR. H. A. GRAVES will sell by auction THIS MORNING, at eleven o'clock, at his Rooms, George-street, opposite the Police Office,
Without reserve,
2 bedsteads, 1 cedar sofa
Tables, 6 cedar-bottomed chairs
6 cane-seated chairs, very superior
30 forms, various sizes
Large and small cedar tables
10 writing desks, suitable for schools, &c.
1 chest carpenter's tools, complete
30 drums of turpentine, 5 gallons each
80 boxes window glass, sizes various
10 dozen blue chambers
10 dozen white pudding basins
10 coils of Europe rope, 2¾, 3, and 3½ inch
Together with other goods too numerous to enumerate. 8311

13 VICTORIA, CAP. 17.
IN accordance with the Pawnbroker's Act, Mr. ALEXANDER MOORE will sell by auction, at the Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, April 7th, at 11 o'clock,
The undermentioned Unredeemed Pledges, pawned with Mr. W. G. Moore, on the dates specified as under:—
1850.
Sept. 6—6 Silver table spoons
Nov. 2—Oil painting
26—Lamp, shade, and chimney
Dec. 9—2 Books
13—Desk
24—2 Sheets, 2 shirts, and vest
1851.
May 10—3 Dresses and parasol
July 9—Lamp, 2 shades, scarf, 2 spoons, chain, and lot of books
15—Lot of charts
18—2 Coats, cloak, vest, sash, and pair epaulets
Gold cross
August 1—Quadrant
21—Quadant
Sept. 19—French horn
Oct. 8—Watch, 1257
Shawl, 2 pair trousers, ring, and brooch
17—Dress
2 Rings
18—Box of chessmen, and box of colours
30—Gold watch, 16,516, and brequet
Fish slice, 4 forks, and 7 spoons
Nov. 1—Coat
Blouse, vest, jacket, and dress
3—Dress
2 Handkerchiefs
Pair trousers, jacket, and coat
4—Dress and coat
Coat
Case of birds
—Flute and case of instruments
Shawl
Feather bed
Bonnet, book, and chemise
6—Silver snuff box
6 dozen bits and chisels
Shawl and gold seal
7—Dress
9 books and umbrella
Cloak and pin
8—Gold watch, 8909, and guard
2 pair trousers and flat iron
10—Dress and remnant of print
Coat, pair trousers, and vest
Shawl
Dress, shirt, and chemise
Parasol, shirt, chemise, and mantilla
11—2 dresses, shawl, and 2 petticoats
Watch, 2305
Set of curtains
Jacket, gold ring, and book
12—Guitar
Mantilla
13—Brooch
Shirt, 2 vests, and petticoat
Pair earrings
Dress, chemise, and saw
Visite and print dress
15—Watch, 126
Pair trousers, nightgown, and shawl
Coat
6 spoons, 2 forks, and jug (silver)
3 petticoats, coat, and handkerchief
17—Remnant of delaine and vest
18—4 dresses and remnant of muslin
Scales and weights
American clock
Pair trousers
Remnant of print and shirt
19—5 dresses
9 dolls
Flute and two boxes sundry goods
21—3 watches, 760, 5211, and 6 seals
Pair trousers
Pair trousers and blanket
22—Watch, 3393
Remnant of drill
Blanket and dress
Coat
Pair trousers and shirt
Coat, pair shoes, and 2 picks
24—Watch, 164
Gold diamond pin
Coat and dress
2 shirts, remnant of flannel, and dress
25—18 pair specks
Dress
Quadrant, and case of instruments
Ring, remnant of muslin, and two coats
26—Shirt, pair of stays, gold pin, and flute
27—Ring
3 remnants of muslin
Watch, 918
28—Dress and cap
29—500 yards of silk and satin, 24 shawls, and 1 box ribbons
Toilet glass
Gold pencil case
Pair of blankets, counterpane, and coat
Coat, cloak, and blanket
Book, shawl, and 4 planes
Also,
A large number of pledges, of 5s. and under.
Terms, cash. 7058

NEW BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
Just Landed. For sale without any reserve.
MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 8th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Four Cases New Books, comprising—
Gems of Art, Fletcher's Devotions, Jones' Battle of Waterloo, Chalmers' *Life* (just out), Southey's Doctor, Chambers' Papers for the People, Selkirk's Ceylon, Irving's Works, College Atlas, Dibdin's Sunday Library, Rollin's History, Belzoni's Travels, Cowper's Poems, Milton, Scott, Crabbe, Coleridge, Goldsmith, Swiss, Robinson Crusoe, Reginald Hastings, Markland, Dalton's Legatee, Armourer's Daughter, Life of Sadleir, Life of Isaac Milner, King's Republic, Auber's India, Castlereagh's Damascus, Holly Wreaths, Light of Friendship, Natural History, Literary World, with numerous other works.
Two cases Bibles and Prayer Books, &c.
One case Copy Books, Memorandum Books, Note Paper, Envelopes, Engravings, and other Stationery.
Terms at sale. 7465

To Parties furnishing, Publicans, General Dealers, and Others.
Household Furniture, Bottled Ale, Porter, Wine, Brandy, Rum, Gin, English Porter.
MR. H. D. COCKBURN has received instructions from Mr. Cankett, of the Vine Tavern, next door to the *Herald* Office, George-street, to sell by public auction, on SATURDAY, the 10th April,
Household Furniture, consisting of handsome sideboard, telescope dining table, cheffonier, chest of drawers, loo table, very handsome state bedstead, horsehair mattrass, cane bottomed chairs, horsehair sofa, washstands, dressing tables, toilet glasses, iron and cedar bedsteads, crockery, kitchen utensils, and sundries.
Also,
A few saddle and carriage horses, gig, harness, saddles, and bridles.
Terms, cash. 8345

HORSES, CARRIER'S DRAY.
MR. BURT will sell by auction, at Stewart's Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 11 o'clock,
Trumpet, a very useful cob
Kate, a very docile ladies' mare
Several strong journey horses
3 draught horses
30 other ditto
Also,
A very strong carrier's dray
A set cart harness
2 sets second-hand gig ditto. 8354

PONY CHAISE.
MR. BURT will sell by auction, at Stewart's Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 11 o'clock,
A very neat Pony Chaise, London built, with Colling's patent axles.
Terms, cash. 8355

NOTICE TO WOOL BUYERS.
MR. R. FAWCETT calls the attention of Wool Buyers to his sale, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock precisely, of—
11 Bales superior greasy wool.
Terms cash. 8319

PRODUCE SALE.
11 Bales Greasy Wool
A few Hides.
MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by auction, at his Commercial Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, 7th April, at 12 o'clock precisely,
11 Bales superior Greasy Wool
A few Hides.
Terms, Cash. 8252

5 TRUNKS SUPERIOR BOOTS AND SHOES.—Just landed.
MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by auction, at his Commercial Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, April 7, at 11 o'clock precisely,
5 Trunks superior Boots and Shoes, just landed; consisting of—
Children's coloured shoes, 2 to 6
Ditto enamelled goloshed shoes, 2 to 6
Ditto seal boots, 2 to 6
Ditto patent seal shoes, 2 to 5
Ditto black boots, 2 to 5
Ditto seal boots, 2 to 5
Ditto grey cashmere boots, 2 to 7
Ditto fancy boots, 3 to 8
Terms at sale. 8254

BOOTS AND SHOES.
MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by auction, at his Commercial Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, 7th April, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Five packages Boots and Shoes, consisting of—
Ladies' cordovan shoes, welts
Ditto goatskin, ditto pumps
Ditto black and coloured lasting boots
Ditto double soled cloth and lasting boots
Men's Wellington and Blucher boots
Ditto pumps
Youths' shoes and pumps
Children's assorted shoes
Terms at Sale. 8321

CHEESE AND BACON.
MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by auction, at his Commercial Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, 7th April, at 11 o'clock precisely,
50 very prime colonial cheeses
Lot bacon
Terms—cash. 8320

WEDNESDAY, April 7.
JAVA SUGAR.
PURKIS AND LAMBERT (Successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, 7th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
WITHOUT RESERVE,
70 BAGS JAVA SUGAR.
Terms—Cash. 8145

SATURDAY, April 10.
OFFICE FURNITURE,
LAW LIBRARY.
To Solicitors and others.
PURKIS AND LAMBERT (successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) have received instructions to sell by auction, on the Premises, No. 210, Elizabeth-street, near Wentworth-place, on SATURDAY, the 10th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely, without reserve,
1 Office table, with two drawers and locks
1 Ditto, with four ditto
1 ditto press, six partitions and doors, complete
1 ditto sliding press
Office chairs, stools, inkstand, &c.
Cupboard, with book-case, top, and curtains
LAW LIBRARY.
Russell on Crime, 2 vols.
Sugden on Estates, 2 vols.
Woodfall's Landlord and Tenant, 2 vols.
Selwyn's Nisi Prius, 2 vols.
Crabb's Conveyancer's Assistant, 2 vols.
Smith's Chancery Practice, 2 vols.
Watson on Awards, 1 vol.
Paley on Convictions, 1 vol.
Law Library, 1 vol.
Pratt's Digest, 1 vol.
Callaghan's Acts, N.S.W., interleaved, 2 vols.
Dickenson's Quarter Sessions, 1 vol.
Lees' Law Dictionary, 2 vols.
Tomlin's Law Dictionary, 1 vol.
Chitty's Forms, 1 vol.
Byles on Bills, 1 vol.
Carrington's Criminal Law, 1 vol.
Roscoe's Digest of Evidence, Nisi Prius, 1 vol.
Archbold's Practice
Browne on Actions, 1 vol.
Mansel on Demurrer, 1 vol.
Morgan on Assurances, 1 vol.
Ansell on Friendly Societies, 1 vol.
Supreme Court Rules, 1 vol.
Burton's Insolvent Act, 1 vol.
Hermell's Forms, 1 vol.
Law of Lien, 1 vol.
New Law Forms
Bird's Settlement
And various other Law Books.
Shakespeare's Dramatic Works, 1 vol.
Niebuhr's History of Rome, 1 vol.
Staunton's Chess Companion, 1 vol.
☞ The auctioneers request the attention of the Legal profession, and others, to the above sale of valuable Law Books, &c.
Terms, cash. 8328

THIS DAY.
Sardines,
Herrings,
Raisins,
Soap.
PURKIS AND LAMBERT (Successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons), will sell by auction, at their Mart, 451, George-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock precisely,
4 cases sardines, each 150 tins, 1 lb.
3 ditto, each 200 ditto, ½ lb.
20 boxes raisins
20 ditto soap
Terms at sale. 8327

WEDNESDAY, April 14.
CITY PROPERTY.
Valuable Building Allotment at the corner of Liverpool and Elizabeth streets, overlooking the Race-course.
PURKIS AND LAMBERT (successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) have been favoured with instructions to sell the above by public auction, at their Rooms, 451, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, 14th instant, at 12 o'clock precisely.
This CAPITAL PROPERTY has an uninterrupted view of the race-course, and occupies a most desirable spot at the corner of two leading thoroughfares, having 36 feet frontage to Liverpool-street, and 60 feet frontage to Elizabeth-street South. It is opposite the residence of John Thacker, Esq., and is one of the few corner allotments left vacant in Sydney.
Terms, liberal. 8061

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, GLASS, CHINA, and CROCKERY, &c., &c.
MR. ROBERT MURIEL will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, No. 453, George-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, the 7th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
The undermentioned Furniture, &c., &c., consisting of—
Chiffoniers, handsomely carved
Loo and dining tables
1 Sideboard, and Brussels carpet
1 Lounge, covered in damask, and balloon-back chairs
2 Iron bedsteads, with mattresses
Bedroom chairs, washstands
Dinner, tea, breakfast, and dessert services
Cut wine glasses, tumblers, decanters
Together with the usual assortment of sundries for housekeeping.
Terms, cash. 8256

FINE FLOUR, in 200lbs. BAGS.
On account of whom it may concern.
MR. ROBERT MURIEL will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, No. 453, George-street, THIS DAY, punctually at half-past 10 o'clock,
The undermentioned quantity of Fine Flour, namely:
12 Bags, each 200 lbs.
Without Reserve. 8310

WINDOW GLASS.
JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, THIS DAY, April 7th, at 11 o'clock precisely,
200 Boxes Window Glass, assorted sizes.
Terms at sale. 8313

100 TUBS DRIED SALT FISH.
To Grocers and Others.
JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, THIS DAY, April 7th, at 11 o'clock precisely,
100 Tubs Dried Salt Fish, in beautiful condition.
Terms at sale. 8312

FLOUR AND RICE.
To Shippers, Grocers, and others.
JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on THURSDAY next, April 8, at 11 o'clock precisely,
200 bags fine Flour
100 ditto Rice
Terms at sale. 8358

PICKLES, SAUCES, SOAP, CANDLES, SALMON.
JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, THIS DAY, April 7th, at 11 o'clock precisely,
10 Cases pickles
14 Ditto sauces
20 Boxes soap
20 Ditto candles
2 Cases salmon.
Terms at sale. 8314

QUICKSILVER.
JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on THURSDAY next, April 8th, 1852, at 11 o'clock,
333lbs. Quicksilver.
Terms at sale. 8220

LOAF AND CRUSHED SUGAR.
To Grocers, Shippers, and Others.
JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on THURSDAY next, 8th April, at 11 o'clock precisely,
10 tons loaf sugar
10 ditto crushed ditto
In lots o suit purchasers.
Terms at sale. 8221

WINDOW GLASS.
JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on THURSDAY next, April 8, at 11 o'clock precisely.
100 Boxes Window Glass, viz.—
48 boxes, 13 x 11
17 „ 12 x 10
8 „ 14 x 10
28 „ 14 x 12
3 „ 13 x 19
6 „ 11 x 11
Terms at sale. 8223

In consequence of Friday next being GOOD FRIDAY, the sale of AUSTRALIAN GOLD will take place on THURSDAY next, at two o'clock,
JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on THURSDAY next, 8th April, at two o'clock precisely,
735 Ounces Gold Dust.
The Gold will be ready for delivery immediately after sale, at half-past two o'clock. 8219

On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Unicorn, Hunter, master, from London.
Damaged by sea water.
JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on THURSDAY next, April 8, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Cask, WC in triangle S by side, 820.
5½ dozen Lyndon's C.S. broad axes, much damaged ... } Total weight
6½ dozen ditto ditto, slightly damaged ... } 4 2 0
Cask, 667 a.
3 pair axle arms and boxes, each 2½, 2¾, 3, 3¼ inch, slightly damaged
1 box tin plates, IXX, much damaged
397 1 keg, 1 cwt. 5 lbs., BB horse nails, much damaged
409 1 keg, „ 7 lbs., ditto
417 1 keg, „ 5 lbs., Derby horse nails, W
420 421 2 kegs, „ 6 lbs., ditto
431 1 keg, „ 8 lbs., ditto
Slightly damaged.
1 keg, „ 5½ lbs., 1½ inch double shingle nails
243 254 2 kegs, „ 10 lbs., 2 inch batten nails
⅙ ⅙ 2 kegs, „ 24 lbs., 3 inch nails
361 1 keg, „ 8 lbs., 2 inch hurdle nails
Slightly damaged.
363 1 keg, „ 12 lbs., 2½ inch hurdle nails
394 1 keg, „ 12 lbs., 2½ inch flooring brads
Much damaged.
381 1 keg, „ 12 lbs., 2½ inch flooring brads
367 1 keg, „ 10 lbs., 2 inch ditto
Slightly damaged.
Per Thomas King—
113 kegs Ewbank's patent nails
Terms at sale. 8222

ARABIAN STALLION.
MR. ARMSTRONG, V.S., is instructed to sell by auction, on THURSDAY next, at 11 o'clock, at his Veterinary Repository, Hunter-street and Castlereagh-street,
A splendid Arabian Stallion, bay with black points, of the very highest caste. He was selected in Calcutta by a gentleman much interested in stock of this colony, and sent here per Duchess of Northumberland for public competition, more with a view to improve the stock here than for any pecuniary advantage of his own. 8350

On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Unicorn, ——, master, from London.
DAMAGED BOOKS.
MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, April 7, at 11 o'clock,
H in diamond, one Case, containing—
67 Volumes illustrated and other works—more or less damaged by sea water.
Terms, cash. 8333

FOUR CASES NEW BOOKS, PRINTING, Wrapping Paper, Coloured Prints, Stationery, &c.
MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, 7th April, at 11 o'clock,
Four cases New and Illustrated Books, consisting of—
Historical, Biographical, and Pictorial Works; also, Novels, Tales, Romances, Voyages, &c.
Double and single Demy Printing Paper
Royal Hand and Bag Cap Wrapping Paper
Coloured and plain Engravings
Mill Boards, Drawing Books
Wafers, Sealing Wax, Pencils, Colours
Drawing Boards, Slates, Pencils, &c.
Terms at sale. 8334

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CABINET PIANOFORTE, and other Effects.
MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at Forest Lodge, Glebe, the late residence of A. C. Brown, Esq., on THURSDAY, April 8th, at eleven o'clock, Sundry Household Furniture and Effects, consisting of—
Telescope dining table, hair-seated sofa, sideboard, loo table
Cane seated chairs, hall table, chiffonier
Trafalgar chairs, damask seats; card tables
Handsome large chimney glass
Superior toned Cabinet Pianoforte, by Cadby, 6¾ octaves, &c.
Tapestry, carpet, fenders and fire-irons
Paintings, engravings, glass and China
Iron bedsteads, sofas, chest drawers
Wardrobe, washstands, and furniture
Toilet tables and glasses, towel horses
Kitchen utensils and furniture
Garden implements, wheelbarrow, and various other effects.
Terms, cash. 8335

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, COTTAGE PIANOFORTE, BOOKS, AND OTHER EFFECTS.
MR. EDWARD SALAMON has received instructions from the representatives of the late R. K. Sconce, Esq., to sell by auction, on the premises, Elizabeth-street North, on WEDNESDAY, April 14, at 11 o'clock,
All the Household Furniture and other Effects, consisting of—
Dining, loo, and sofa tables
Marble-top pier table
Hair-stuffed and chintz-covered chairs, and easy chair
Office table, with book-shelves, &c.
Sideboard, chiffonier, couch, bookcase
Mahogany cottage pianoforte, by Rolfe
Damask window hangings, chimney glass
Music-stand, engravings, carpet and rug
Various popular and standard Works
Iron bedsteads, mattrasses, palliasses, &c.
Wardrobe, Chests Drawers, washstands, and furniture
Superior shower bath, bidet, child's cot
Kitchen utensils, and sundry other effects
Terms at sale. 8336

THIS DAY, 7TH APRIL.
To Wine and Spirit Merchants, Publicans, and Storekeepers.
ALE AND PORTER IN HOGSHEADS AND BOTTLE.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON has received instructions from Messrs. Montefiore, Graham, and Co., to sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Wednesday, the 7th April, at 11 o'clock,
Without Reserve,
40 hogsheads East India pale ale
20 ditto strong ditto
Precisely similar to Bass' and Allsop's strong ale
341 hogsheads double brown stout
100 barrels ditto ditto
795 casks East India pale ale, 3 dozen each
128 ditto ditto ditto, 4 ditto
36 ditto strong ditto, 4 ditto
76 ditto double ditto, 4 ditto
22 ditto ditto ditto, 7 ditto, in pints
223 casks double brown stout, 3 dozen
307 ditto ditto ditto, 4 ditto
All the bottles are London quarts
TERMS.
Under £100, cash; above £100 and under £200, three months; above £200, three and four months, by approved bills. 8069

WINES AND WHISKEY.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Wednesday, the 7th April, at eleven o'clock,
100 quarter casks very fine sherry
45 ditto ditto ditto port
20 ditto ditto Marsala
50 cases champagne, 1 dozen each
100 ditto claret, 1 ditto
20 quarter casks whiskey
Terms at sale. 8070

VERY FINE SHERRY.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Wednesday, the 7th April, at 11 o'clock,
20 Hogsheads } very fine pale sherry.
20 Quarters }
This batch of Sherry is well worthy of especial notice.
Terms at sale. 8240

AMERICAN FLOUR, White Herrings, and Pickled Salmon.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Wednesday, the 7th April, at 11 o'clock,
200 Barrels fine American Flour
20 Barrels herrings
20 Half ditto ditto
50 Quarter ditto ditto
5 Tierces Labrador salmon
All in fine order, and now landing ex Gibson Craig.
Terms at sale. 8171

RED HERRINGS and NAVY BISCUIT.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Wednesday, the 7th April, at 11 o'clock,
Forty boxes Red Herrings, 6 dozen each
Six tons Navy Biscuit.
Terms at sale. 8241

33,258 FEET DEALS.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at Campbell's Wharf, on THURSDAY next, the 8th April, at 10 o'clock,
2336 DEALS, viz.—

1—9	inch x	3	24 feet	24	feet
25—9	„	3	23	575	
52—9	„	3	22	1,144	
9—9	„	3	21	189	
15—9	„	3	20	300	
10—9	„	3	19	190	
13—9	„	3	18	234	
14—9	„	3	17	238	
9—9	„	3	16	144	
8—9	„	3	15	120	
420—9	„	3	13	5,460	
600—7	„	3	14	8,400	
1160—9	„	3	14	16,240	

2336 Deals, measuring in all........ 33,258 feet.
Terms at sale. 8169

150 Casks CRUSHED SUGAR.
Now Landing, ex San Francisco.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Wednesday, the 7th April, at 11 o'clock,
150 casks Crushed Sugar, 203½ lbs. each nett.
Terms at sale. 8170

Scotch Twill Shirts, Scarlet Serge Shirts, Blue Guernseys, Lambs' wool Vests, Blankets, and Counterpanes.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on THURSDAY next, 8th April, at 11 o'clock,
The undermentioned goods, without reserve—
2 bales stout Scotch twill shirts
1 ditto fancy regatta ditto
1 ditto scarlet serge ditto
2 ditto blue Guernsey ditto
1 ditto lambs-wool vests
1 ditto ditto pants
2 ditto 9-4, 10-4, 11-4 super Whitney blankets
2 ditto coloured counterpanes
1 ditto white ditto
1 ditto double-backed blue serge shirts
1 ditto youths' ditto
1 ditto boys' and youths' regattas
1 ditto sou'westers
1 ditto heavy drawers
1 case superfine felt hats
Terms at sale. 8243

TO TAILORS AND WOOLLEN DRAPERS.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on THURSDAY next, the 8th April, at 11 o'clock,
The undermentioned Goods, without any reserve,
6 cases fancy doeskins
2 ditto black ditto
1 ditto ditto cassimeres
4 ditto superfine broadcloths
2 ditto ditto beavers
4 ditto pilot cloths
4 ditto stout drab moleskins
1 ditto stout white ditto
1 ditto stout white cord
2 ditto fancy doeskin shooting coats
2 ditto superfine black paletots
2 ditto ditto black and fancy doe trousers
1 ditto fancy satin vests
1 ditto black beaver coats
1 ditto ditto trousers
The above parcel will be sold without the least reserve.
Terms at sale. 3245

On account of whom it may concern.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on THURSDAY next, April 8, at 11 o'clock,
The undermentioned goods—damaged by sea water.
PF&G.
§59§ 20 pieces 5-4 dark chintz prints
11 dozen 8-12 Valencia vests
3 ditto 5-12 hats
8 pieces drab moleskin, much damaged
Terms, cash. 8349

PARIS AND FELT HATS.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on THURSDAY next, the 8th April, at 11 o'clock,
4 cases Paris hats
2 ditto superfine felt ditto.
Terms at sale. 8244

CLEARANCE SALE.
Wines, Porter, Ale, Bottled Fruits, Mushroom Catsup, Mustard, Pickles, Tea, Oatmeal, Ink, Blacking, Woolpacks, Spades, Nails, Sickles, Glass, &c., &c.
MR. MORT will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, 7th April, at 11 o'clock,
16 cases Port wine
9 ditto sherry
23 ditto claret
2 ditto hock
1 ditto Bucellas
2 ditto Champagne
16 ditto ginger wine
6 casks bottled porter
2 ditto ditto ale
2 ditto colonial wine
3 cases bottled fruits
1 ditto mushroom catsup
3 ditto mustard
122 ditto pickles, 1 dozen each
2 chests tea
1 cask oatmeal
1 ditto molasses
1 ditto office ink
1 ditto blacking
50 Woolpacks
25 Long-handled spades
3 kegs nails
15 boxes glass, assorted
2 dozen sickles
1 case blue serge shirts
1 ditto solar hats
1 ditto paper, pens, &c., &c.
Terms at sale. 8251

GOLD SCALES.
MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, 7th April, at 11 o'clock,
Set superior Gold Scales and Weights.
Terms, cash. 8249

NAILS.
One Hundred and Seventeen Kegs Chisel Points.
MR. MORT has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, 7th April, at 11 o'clock,
One Hundred and Seventeen Kegs (117) Nails, viz.:—
8 kegs 3½ lbs. 1¼ inch wrought nails, chisel points
3 ditto 4 ditto 1½ ditto ditto ditto
2 ditto 7 ditto 2 ditto ditto ditto
5 ditto 5 ditto 1½ ditto ditto ditto
8 ditto 7 ditto 1¾ ditto ditto ditto
6 ditto 8 ditto 1¾ ditto ditto ditto
22 ditto 10 ditto 2 ditto ditto ditto
5 ditto 12 ditto 2¼ ditto ditto ditto
4 ditto 17 ditto 2½ ditto ditto ditto
27 ditto 25 ditto 3 ditto ditto ditto
5 ditto 3½ inch ditto ditto ditto
9 ditto 4 inch ditto ditto ditto
3 ditto 4½ inch ditto ditto ditto
5 ditto 5 inch ditto ditto ditto
5 ditto 6 inch ditto ditto ditto
117 Kegs.
Terms at sale. 8250

FURNITURE, PATENT MANGLE, &c.
MR. MORT will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, April 7th, at 11 o'clock,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
PATENT MANGLE, by Bulwer.
Terms—Cash. 8326

REGATTA SERGE SHIRTS.
MR. MORT will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, April 7th, at 11 o'clock.
12 Dozen blue serge shirts
23 Ditto ragatta ditto.
Terms at sale. 8325

PLUMS.
MR. MORT will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, April 7th, at 11 o'clock,
T & Co.—6 CASES BORDEAUX PLUMS.
Terms—Cash. 8324

POSTPONED TO 7TH APRIL.
THREE-YEAR OLD COLTS,
Now at Concord, and will be at the Cattle Market, THIS DAY, Wednesday, 7th April, at two o'clock in the afternoon, when they will be sold by auction,
BY MR. MORT.
☞ The above will be sold to the highest bidder, and are well worthy of attention, as there are some well-bred horses, fit for the Indian market; gig and saddle horses; also, some fit for heavy draught.
They will be on view at the Cattle Market from 8 o'clock in the morning.
Terms—cash. 763

Weekly Produce Sale.
WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, TALLOW, AND HIDES.
MR. MORT will sell by public auction, at his Produce Store, Circular Quay, TO-MORROW, Thursday, April 8, at eleven o'clock,
384 Bales Wool
1947 Sheepskins
314 Hides
104 Casks Tallow.
Terms, cash. 8268

KEERA VALE, ILLAWARRA.
Excellent Dwelling House, Good Cottage, and 360 Acres of Land.
£1500 of the purchase-money may remain upon mortgage of the property for 3 or 5 years, at 7 per cent. at the option of the purchaser.
MR. MORT has received instructions from the proprietor of this superior Property, to offer the same for sale by auction, at his Rooms, on TUESDAY, the 13th April, at 11 o'clock,
The above property is within one mile of the town of Wollongong, and consists of from 350 to 360 acres, nearly the whole of which is cleared and stumped, and a great part equal to
THE BEST LAND IN THE ILLAWARRA DISTRICT.
The hilly portion of this land adjoins Mr. Guion's vineyard, and as to soil and situation is equal to the
BEST VINEYARD GROUND IN THE COLONY.
The whole farm is surrounded by a substantial fence, and commands a long frontage to the
SYDNEY AND DAPTO ROADS.
It is divided into convenient paddocks for cows, calves, and pigs, and forms a most complete agricultural and
DAIRY FARM.
Keera Vale is plentifully supplied by a mountain stream of water, running through the centre of the Farm, on which there are deep water holes, supplying abundance of water in the driest seasons.
THE EXCELLENT BRICK-BUILT HOUSE,
in the occupation of J. Shoobert, Esq., J.P., is substantially built upon a stone foundation, and beautifully situated on the crown of a gentle ascent. It contains eight capacious rooms and large hall below,—corresponding landing place above,—besides kitchen, store, and servants' rooms, &c. On three sides of the house there is a spacious verandah on ground floor, and roofed balcony above, from which there is a commanding
VIEW OF MOUNT KEERA,
and the romantic Mountain and Vale Scenery around. In front of the house is a shrubbery and well laid out lawn;—and altogether the place forms a most suitable residence for a family of the first respectability.
In addition to the House, there is a Cottage upon the farm, lately occupied by William Meares, Esq., J.P., to which is attached a small Dairy. There is also a large weather-boarded floored Barn, in every respect substantially built. The large garden contains some choice vines, and fruit trees, selected from the Camden Park garden and vineyard.
THE QUIT RENT
Of the Farm has been redeemed, and the TITLE IS UNEXCEPTIONABLE.
The lease of the present tenant expires at the end of March, when immediate possession may be obtained.
☞ The trips of the Keera, steamer, admitting as they do of almost daily communication with this valuable estate, adds much to its importance—indeed, the distance betwixt Wollongong and the metropolis has become so much shortened, as to render the property a suitable residence even for persons whose business is in Sydney,—whilst the facilities for the transmission of dairy produce and grain are superior to the road traffic of farms 20 miles distant from the city.
All further particulars may be obtained at Mr. B. Geard's, Mount Pleasant, near Wollongong; or at Mr. Mort's, where a map of the farm and property may be seen. 6126

BARNEY DOWNS,
Situate in the District of New England, and well-known as one of the choicest Stations in that locality, together with
1800 HEAD OF CATTLE.
TERMS may be arranged by paying about half the purchase money in cash, with a credit for the remainder of six and twelve months.
MR. MORT has instructions to offer by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on MONDAY, 3rd May, at 11 o'clock,
That well-known and most valuable squattage known as
BARNEY DOWNS,
situate in the district and on the table lands of New England. This station adjoins Mr. Donaldson's well-known Tenterfield property, and is composed of open undulating ridges, watered by large creeks which never cease running. It is admirably adapted for Sheep, of which it will carry in good flocks
12 to 15 THOUSAND.
The distance from Grafton, the port of shipment, is only 120 miles—the postman passes the Station twice a week, and there is a public store at Tenterfield, where supplies of every description can be obtained in case of need.
THE IMPROVEMENTS
consist of the following, amongst others—viz.,
Good five-roomed House, with kitchen
Stable
Store
Piggery and fowl house
Large Stockyard, (will hold 1800 head)
First-rate Garden, stocked with every description of fruit trees
Two Cultivation Paddocks
Two Grass Paddocks.
THE CATTLE,
consist of 1800 head, more or less, are a complete herd, which have been most carefully attended to, and had the benefit of first-rate bulls. They are all in high condition.
Stock Horses, Stores, &c., may be taken at a valuation. Calves under six months at time of delivery given in.
☞ This is certainly one of the choicest Stations in New England. The climate is delightful—the position as regards carriage of wool and supplies very good, and the property one which will at all times yield a large and certain return. 8150

PARRAMATTA.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, LIBRARY, Elegant Engravings, Horse, Stanhopes, and Harness. The Effects of the late Patrick Hill, Esq., R.N., Colonial Surgeon, at the Quarters recently occupied by him.
TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, BY
MR. J. F. STAFF, on THURSDAY, 8th April, at eleven o'clock A.M.
The furniture, comprising elegant rosewood sofas and chairs, *en suite*, card, dining, and Pembroke tables, fenders and fire-irons, oil-cloth, Brussels carpet, wardrobe, chests of drawers, and sideboards.
Handsome dessert and dinner sets, cut glass and plated ware, dish covers, handsome lamps and candelabras.
The engravings are principally from the celebrated Scottish Art Union, and are chiefly in elegant frames. The books comprise the works of the best authors.
ALSO, a few good cows and calves, &c., &c.
Catalogues and cards to view may be had on application to the Auctioneer.
Luncheon will be provided.

IN THE SUPREME COURT.
Sheriff's Office, Sydney,
6th April, 1852.
Cohen and another v. Driscoll.
ON SATURDAY next, the 10th instant, at noon, at the Defendant's Livery Stables, Pitt-street North, the Sheriff will cause to be sold twelve saddle horses, break, gig and harness, household furniture, piano, &c., unless this execution be previously satisfied. 8289

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